

Material Safety Data Sheet

Validated by C.M. Kelly on 3/18/2002.
Verified by C.M. Kelly.
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Section 1. Product Identification and Use

Product Name - Trade Name **230-7104 CRACKLE LACQUER NEUTRAL (C29980)**

Supplier - Manufacturer **Chemcraft International Inc.,**
3950 New Walkertown Rd.
Winston-Salem, NC.
U.S.A. 27051

Telephone (336) 723-1846 Fax (336) 724-7138

In case of Emergency 1-800-424-5571

For Transport Emergency or After Hours

CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300

Code 230-7104
Synonym CRACKLE LACQUER NEUTRAL (C29980)
Chemical Name Not applicable.
Chemical Family Synthetic polymer in organic solvent. (Paint.)
Chemical Formula Not applicable.
Material Uses Coatings: Surface coatings and finishes.
Product Identification Number (PIN) 1263 PAINT

Section 2. Hazardous Ingredients

Exposure Limits

Name	CAS #	% by Weight	LC ₅₀ /LD ₅₀	TLV/PEL
n-Butyl acetate	123-86-4	30-60	ORAL (LD50): Acute: 14130 mg/kg [Rat]. 7100 mg/kg [Mouse]. DERMAL (LD50): Acute: 5000 mg/kg [Rabbit]. 8770 mg/kg [Guinea pig].	TWA: 150 STEL: 200 (ppm) from OSHA (PEL) [United States] TWA: 150 STEL: 200 (ppm) from ACGIH (TLV) [United States] [2000] TWA: 150 STEL: 200 (ppm) from NIOSH
Nitrocellulose	9004-70-0	1-5	Not available.	Not available.
Isopropanol	67-63-0	1-5	ORAL (LD50): Acute: 5045 mg/kg [Rat]. 4797 mg/kg [Dog]. 3600 mg/kg [Mouse]. DERMAL (LD50): Acute: 12800 mg/kg [Rabbit].	TWA: 400 STEL: 500 (ppb) from ACGIH (TLV) [United States] [1994] TWA: 983 STEL: 1230 (ppm) from ACGIH (TLV) [United States] [1994]
Zinc Stearate	557-05-1	1-5	Not available.	TWA: 10 CEIL: 20 (ppm) from ACGIH (TLV) [United States]
Acetone	67-64-1	10-30	ORAL (LD50): Acute: 5800 mg/kg [Rat]. DERMAL (LD50): Acute: 20000 mg/kg [Rabbit].	TWA: 500 STEL: 750 (ppb) from ACGIH (TLV) [United States] [1997] TWA: 1188 STEL: 1782 (ppm) from ACGIH (TLV) [United States] [1997]
Toluene	108-88-3	30-60	ORAL (LD50): Acute: 2600 mg/kg [Rat]. DERMAL (LD50): Acute: 12210 mg/kg [Rabbit].	TWA: 50 (ppb) from ACGIH (TLV) [United States] [1993] TWA: 188 (ppm) from ACGIH (TLV) [United States] [1993]
Methyl alcohol	67-56-1	1-5	ORAL (LD50): Acute: 6200 mg/kg [Rat]. 5600 mg/kg [Rat].	TWA: 200 (ppm) from OSHA (PEL) [United States]

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[Rat.]. 5600 mg/kg [Rat].
DERMAL (LD50): Acute: 15800
mg/kg [Rabbit].

(PEL) [United States]
TWA: 200 STEL: 250 (ppm)
from ACGIH (TLV) [United
States] [2000]
TWA: 200 STEL: 250 (ppm)
from NIOSH [1997]
TWA: 260 STEL: 325 (mg/m³)
from NIOSH

Trace impurities and additional material names not listed above may appear in other sections of this MSDS. These materials may be listed for toxicological concerns, local compliance, or other reasons.

Section 3. Physical Data

Physical State and Appearance	Liquid.				
Color	Not available.	Odor	Not available.	Taste	Not available.
Molecular Weight	Not applicable.				
pH (1% soln/water)	Neutral.				
Boiling Point	The lowest known value is 56.2°C (133.2°F) (2-Propanone). Weighted average: 105.7°C (222.3°F)				
Melting Point	May start to solidify at -77.9°C (-108.2°F) based on data for: Acetic acid, butyl ester. Weighted average: -87.7°C (-125.9°F)				
Critical Temperature	Not available.				
Specific Gravity	Weighted average: 0.88 (Water = 1)				
Vapor Pressure	The highest known value is 24.8 kPa (@ 20°C) (2-Propanone). Weighted average: 9.64 kPa (@ 20°C)				
Vapor Density	The highest known value is 4 (Air = 1) (Acetic acid, butyl ester). Weighted average: 3.19 (Air = 1)				
Volatility	Not available.				
Odor Threshold	The highest known value is 22 ppm (2-Propanol) Weighted average: 1.42 ppm				
Water/Oil Dist. Coeff.	The product is equally soluble in oil and water.				
Ionicity (in Water)	Not available.				
Dispersion Properties	Is not dispersed in methanol, diethyl ether, n-octanol. See solubility in water, methanol, diethyl ether, n-octanol.				
Solubility	Easily soluble in methanol, diethyl ether. Soluble en cold water, hot water, n-octanol.				

Section 4. Fire and Explosion Hazard

The Product is:	Flammable.
Fire Hazards in Presence of Various Substances	Highly flammable in presence of open flames and sparks, of heat. Non-flammable in presence of shocks, of oxidizing materials, of reducing materials, of combustible materials, of organic materials, of metals, of acids, of alkalis, of moisture.
Fire Fighting Media and Instructions	Flammable liquid, soluble or dispersed in water. SMALL FIRE: Use DRY chemical powder. LARGE FIRE: Use alcohol foam, water spray or fog. Cool containing vessels with water jet in order to prevent pressure build-up, autoignition or explosion.
Special Remarks on Fire Hazards	Vapor may travel considerable distance to source of ignition and flash back. (Acetic acid, butyl ester)
Flash Points	The lowest known value is CLOSED CUP: -18°C (-0.4°F). (T.C.C.). (2-Propanone)
Flammable Limits	The greatest known range is LOWER: 6% UPPER: 36.5% (Methanol)
Auto-Ignition Temperature	The lowest known value is 407°C (764.6°F) (Acetic acid, butyl ester).
Products of Combustion	These products are carbon oxides (CO, CO ₂). Some metallic oxides.
Explosion Hazards in Presence of Various Substances	Highly explosive in presence of open flames and sparks. Explosive in presence of shocks.
Special Remarks on Explosion Hazards	Not available.

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Section 5. Reactivity Data

Stability	The product is stable.
Decomposition products	Not available.
Conditions of Instability	Not available.
Incompatibility with various substances	Reactive with oxidizing agents, reducing agents, acids, alkalis. Slightly reactive to reactive with organic materials, metals, moisture. Non-reactive with combustible materials.
Corrosivity	Non-corrosive in presence of glass.
Special Remarks on Reactivity	Incompatible with chlorinated compounds. (2-Propanol)
Special Remarks on Corrosivity	Not available.

Section 6. Toxicological Properties

Routes of Entry	Absorbed through skin. Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.
Toxicity to Animals	Acute oral toxicity (LD50): 2600 mg/kg [Rat.]. (Benzene, methyl-). Acute dermal toxicity (LD50): 5000 mg/kg [Rabbit]. (Acetic acid, butyl ester).
Effects of Acute Exposure	Very hazardous in case of skin contact (irritant, permeator), of eye contact (irritant), of ingestion. Hazardous in case of inhalation. Non-corrosive for skin. Inflammation of the eye is characterized by redness, watering, and itching. Skin inflammation is characterized by itching, scaling, reddening, or, occasionally, blistering.
Chronic Effects on Humans	CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS: Classified A5 (Not suspected for human.) by ACGIH, 4 (Probably not for human.) by IARC, 4 (No evidence.) by NTP, None. by OSHA [2-Propanol]. Classified 4 (Probably not for human.) by IARC, 4 (No evidence.) by NTP, None. by OSHA [Octadecanoic acid, zinc salt]. Classified A5 (Not suspected for human.) by ACGIH, 4 (Probably not for human.) by IARC, 4 (No evidence.) by NTP, None. by OSHA [2-Propanone]. Classified D (Not classifiable for human or animal.) by EPA [2-Propanone]. Classified A5 (Not suspected for human.) by ACGIH, 4 (Probably not for human.) by IARC, 4 (No evidence.) by NTP, None. by OSHA [Methanol]. MUTAGENIC EFFECTS: Not available. TERATOGENIC EFFECTS: Classified None. for human [2-Propanone]. DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY: Not available. The substance is toxic to blood, kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, liver. Repeated or prolonged exposure to the substance can produce target organs damage.
Special Remarks on Toxicity to Animals	Not available.
Special Remarks on Chronic Effects on Humans	Inhalation of vapors may cause dizziness, an irregular heartbeat, narcosis, nausea or asphyxiation. (Benzene, methyl-)
Special Remarks on Other Toxic Effects on Humans	Material is irritating to mucous membranes and upper respiratory tract. (Acetic acid, butyl ester)
Exposure Limits	Acetic acid, butyl ester TWA: 150 STEL: 200 (ppm) from OSHA (PEL) [United States] TWA: 150 STEL: 200 (ppm) from ACGIH (TLV) [United States] [2000] TWA: 150 STEL: 200 (ppm) from NIOSH 2-Propanol TWA: 400 STEL: 500 (ppb) from ACGIH (TLV) [United States] [1994] TWA: 983 STEL: 1230 (ppm) from ACGIH (TLV) [United States] [1994] Octadecanoic acid, zinc salt TWA: 10 CEIL: 20 (ppm) from ACGIH (TLV) [United States] 2-Propanone TWA: 500 STEL: 750 (ppb) from ACGIH (TLV) [United States] [1997] TWA: 1188 STEL: 1782 (ppm) from ACGIH (TLV) [United States] [1997] Benzene, methyl- TWA: 50 (ppb) from ACGIH (TLV) [United States] [1993] TWA: 188 (ppm) from ACGIH (TLV) [United States] [1993] Methanol TWA: 200 (ppm) from OSHA (PEL) [United States] TWA: 200 STEL: 250 (ppm) from ACGIH (TLV) [United States] [2000] TWA: 200 STEL: 250 (ppm) from NIOSH [1997]

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TWA: 260 STEL: 325 (mg/m³) from NIOSH

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

Section 7. Preventive Measures

Personal Protection	Splash goggles. Lab coat. Vapor respirator. Be sure to use an approved/certified respirator or equivalent. Gloves.
Personal Protection in Case of a Large Spill	Splash goggles. Full suit. Vapor respirator. Boots. Gloves. A self-contained breathing apparatus should be used to avoid inhalation of the product. Suggested protective clothing might not be sufficient; consult a specialist BEFORE handling this product.
Engineering Controls	Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapors below their respective threshold limit value. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are proximal to the work-station location.
Small Spill	Dilute with water and mop up, or absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container.
Large Spill	Flammable liquid. Keep away from heat. Keep away from sources of ignition. Stop leak if without risk. Absorb with DRY earth, sand or other non-combustible material. Do not touch spilled material. Prevent entry into sewers, basements or confined areas; dike if needed. Be careful that the product is not present at a concentration level above TLV. Check TLV on the MSDS and with local authorities.
Waste Disposal	Waste must be disposed of in accordance with federal, state and local environmental control regulations.
Precautions	Keep away from heat. Keep away from sources of ignition. Ground all equipment containing material. Do not ingest. Do not breathe gas/fumes/vapor/spray. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Wear suitable protective clothing. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. If ingested, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or the label. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Keep away from incompatibles such as oxidizing agents, reducing agents, acids, alkalis.
Storage	Store in a segregated and approved area. Keep container in a cool, well-ventilated area. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).
TDG Classification	Class 3: Flammable liquid.
PIN	1263 PAINT PG: II
Special Provisions for Transport	Not available.
Federal and State Regulations	California prop. 65: This product contains the following ingredients for which the State of California has found to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm, which would require a warning under the statute: Benzene, methyl- California prop. 65: This product contains the following ingredients for which the State of California has found to cause birth defects which would require a warning under the statute: Benzene, methyl- New York release reporting list: Acetic acid, butyl ester; Methanol Rhode Island RTK hazardous substances: Methanol Pennsylvania RTK: Acetic acid, butyl ester; Isopropyl alcohol; Methanol: (environmental hazard) Florida: Acetic acid, butyl ester; Methanol Minnesota: Acetic acid, butyl ester; Methanol Massachusetts RTK: Acetic acid, butyl ester; Isopropyl alcohol; Methanol New Jersey: Acetic acid, butyl ester; Isopropyl alcohol; Methanol TSCA 8(b) inventory: Acetic acid, butyl ester; Isopropyl alcohol; Benzene, methyl- TSCA 5(e) substance consent order: Acetic acid, butyl ester TSCA 12(b) annual export notification: Acetic acid, butyl ester SARA 302/304/311/312 extremely hazardous substances: Isopropyl alcohol SARA 302/304/311/312 hazardous chemicals: Methanol SARA 313 toxic chemical notification and release reporting: Isopropyl alcohol 2.073%; 2-Propanone 13.48%; Benzene, methyl- 30.45%; Methyl Alcohol 4.64% CERCLA: Hazardous substances.: Acetic acid, butyl ester; 2-Propanone; Benzene, methyl-; Methyl Alcohol;
Other Regulations	OSHA: Hazardous by definition of Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Other Classifications	WHMIS (Canada) CLASS B-2: Flammable liquid with a flash point lower than 37.8°C (100°F). CLASS D-1A: Material causing immediate and serious toxic effects (VERY TOXIC). CLASS D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (VERY TOXIC). CLASS D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (TOXIC).

HCS (U.S.A.) Class: Flammable liquid having a flash point lower than 37.8°C (100°F).
Class: Irritating substance.
Class: Target organ effects.

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)	Health Hazard	* 2
	Fire Hazard	3
	Reactivity	1
	Personal Protection	h
National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)	Health	2
	Fire Hazard	3
	Reactivity	1
	Specific Hazard	

Section 8. First Aid Measures

Eye Contact	Check for and remove any contact lenses. In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Cold water may be used. Get medical attention immediately.
Skin Contact	In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Cover the irritated skin with an emollient. Cold water may be used. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse. Get medical attention immediately.
Hazardous Skin Contact	Wash with a disinfectant soap and cover the contaminated skin with an anti-bacterial cream. Seek immediate medical attention.
Inhalation	If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention.
Hazardous Inhalation	Evacuate the victim to a safe area as soon as possible. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen. If the victim is not breathing, perform mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. WARNING: It may be hazardous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation when the inhaled material is toxic, infectious or corrosive. Seek medical attention.
Ingestion	Do not induce vomiting. Examine the lips and mouth to ascertain whether the tissues are damaged, a possible indication that the toxic material was ingested; the absence of such signs, however, is not conclusive. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. If the victim is not breathing, perform mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Seek immediate medical attention.
Hazardous Ingestion	Not available.

Section 9. Preparation Information

References	-Manufacturers Material Safety Data Sheets.
Other Special Considerations	Not available.
Related Information	This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the CPR, and the MSDS contains all the information required by CPR.
Preparation Information	Validated by C.M. Kelly on 3/18/2002. Verified by C.M. Kelly. Printed 10/13/2003.
Information Contact	Prepared by the Health, Safety and Environment Department, Chemcraft International Inc., P.O. Box 458, 155, Rose Glen Road North, Port Hope, ON. Canada. Phone: 905 885-6388 Fax: 905 885-5097

Notice to Reader

**230-7104 CRACKLE LACQUER NEUTRAL
(C29980)**

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To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above named supplier nor any of its subsidiaries assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.