

Material Safety Data Sheet

Section 1. Product Identification and Use

Product Name - Trade Name **C31963 RLS 758 CHEMGLAZE SPRUCE GLAZE**

Supplier - Manufacturer **Chemcraft International Inc.,**

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Code C31963

Synonym RLS 758 CHEMGLAZE SPRUCE GLAZE

Chemical Name Not applicable.

Chemical Family Synthetic polymer in organic solvent. (Paint.)

Chemical Formula Not applicable.

Material Uses Coatings: Surface coatings and finishes.

Product Identification Number (PIN) 1263 PAINT

Section 2. Hazardous Ingredients

Name	CAS #	% by Weight	Exposure Limits	
			LC ₅₀ /LD ₅₀	TLV/PEL
Heavy naphtha, hydrotreated	64742-48-9	60-100	Not available.	TWA: 300 (ppb)
Ferric oxide	1309-37-1	1-5	Not available.	Not available.
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0.1-1	ORAL (LD50): Acute: 3500 mg/kg [Rat]. DERMAL (LD50): Acute: 5000 mg/kg [Rabbit].	TWA: 100 STEL: 125 (ppm) from ACGIH (TLV) [United States] STEL: 125 (ppm) from NIOSH
p-Methyltoluene	106-42-3	0.1-1	ORAL (LD50): Acute: 4100 mg/kg [Rat].	TWA: 100 (ppb)

Trace impurities and additional material names not listed above may appear in other sections of this MSDS. These materials may be listed for toxicological concerns, local compliance, or other reasons.

Section 3. Physical Data

Physical State and Appearance Liquid.

Color Not available. Odor Not available. Taste Not available.

Molecular Weight Not applicable.

pH (1% soln/water) Not applicable.

Boiling Point The lowest known value is 93°C (199.4°F) (Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy).

Melting Point Not available.

Critical Temperature Not available.

Specific Gravity Weighted average: 0.81 (Water = 1)

Vapor Pressure Not available.

Vapor Density The highest known value is 3.45 (Air = 1) (Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy).

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Volatility	Not available.
Odor Threshold	Not available.
Water/Oil Dist. Coeff.	The product is much more soluble in oil.
Ionicity (in Water)	Not available.
Dispersion Properties	Is not dispersed in cold water, hot water. See solubility in methanol, diethyl ether, n-octanol.
Solubility	Easily soluble in diethyl ether, n-octanol. Partially soluble in methanol. Insoluble in cold water, hot water.

Section 4. Fire and Explosion Hazard

The Product is:	Flammable.
Fire Hazards in Presence of Various Substances	Extremely flammable in presence of open flames and sparks. Slightly flammable to flammable in presence of heat. Non-flammable in presence of shocks, of oxidizing materials, of reducing materials, of combustible materials, of organic materials, of metals, of acids, of alkalis, of moisture.
Fire Fighting Media and Instructions	Flammable liquid, insoluble in water. SMALL FIRE: Use DRY chemical powder. LARGE FIRE: Use water spray or fog. Cool containing vessels with water jet in order to prevent pressure build-up, autoignition or explosion.
Special Remarks on Fire Hazards	Vapor may travel considerable distance to source of ignition and flash back. (Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy)
Flash Points	The lowest known value is CLOSED CUP: -4°C (24.8°F). (Tagliabue.). (Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy)
Flammable Limits	The greatest known range is LOWER: 1% UPPER: 6% (Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy)
Auto-Ignition Temperature	The lowest known value is 254°C (489.2°F) (Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy).
Products of Combustion	These products are carbon oxides (CO, CO ₂). Some metallic oxides.
Explosion Hazards in Presence of Various Substances	Risks of explosion of the product in presence of mechanical impact: Not available. Extremely explosive in presence of open flames and sparks.
Special Remarks on Explosion Hazards	Not available.

Section 5. Reactivity Data

Stability	The product is stable.
Decomposition products	Not available.
Conditions of Instability	Not available.
Incompatibility with various substances	Reactive with oxidizing agents, reducing agents, organic materials, acids, alkalis. Slightly reactive to reactive with metals. Non-reactive with combustible materials, moisture.
Corrosivity	Not considered to be corrosive for metals and glass.
Special Remarks on Reactivity	Not available.
Special Remarks on Corrosivity	Not available.

Section 6. Toxicological Properties

Routes of Entry	Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.
Toxicity to Animals	Acute oral toxicity (LD50): 10001 mg/kg [Rat]. (Cyclohexanone, homopolymer).
Effects of Acute Exposure	Very hazardous in case of skin contact (irritant). Hazardous in case of eye contact (irritant), of ingestion, of inhalation. Slightly hazardous in case of skin contact (permeator).

Chronic Effects on Humans	CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS: Classified A4 (Not classifiable for human or animal.) by ACGIH [Benzene, 1,3-dimethyl-]. Classified 4 (Probably not for human.) by IARC, 4 (No evidence.) by NTP, None. by OSHA [Carbon black]. MUTAGENIC EFFECTS: Not available. TERATOGENIC EFFECTS: Not available. DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY: Not available. The substance is toxic to blood, kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, liver. Repeated or prolonged exposure to the substance can produce target organs damage.
Special Remarks on Toxicity to Animals	Not available.
Special Remarks on Chronic Effects on Humans	0347 Animal: embryotoxic, foetotoxic, passes through the placental barrier. 0900 Detected in maternal milk in human. Narcotic effect; may cause nervous system disturbances. (Benzene, 1,3-dimethyl-)
Special Remarks on Other Toxic Effects on Humans	Moderately toxic and narcotic in high concentrations. (Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy)
Exposure Limits	Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy TWA: 300 (ppb) Benzene, ethyl- TWA: 100 STEL: 125 (ppm) from ACGIH (TLV) [United States] STEL: 125 (ppm) from NIOSH Benzene, 1,3-dimethyl- STEL: 150 (ppm) from ACGIH (TLV) [United States] [1999] TWA: 100 (ppm) from ACGIH (TLV) [United States] [1999] Benzene, 1,2-dimethyl- TWA: 100 (ppb) Benzene, 1,4-dimethyl- TWA: 100 (ppb) Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light TWA: 100 (ppb) [1990] TWA: 525 (ppm) from ACGIH (TLV) [United States] Ligroine TWA: 1370 (mg/m ³) from ACGIH (TLV) [United States] TWA: 300 (ppm) from ACGIH (TLV) [United States] Carbon black TWA: 3.5 CEIL: 7 (ppm) from ACGIH (TLV) [United States]
	Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

Section 7. Preventive Measures

Personal Protection	Splash goggles. Lab coat. Vapor respirator. Be sure to use an approved/certified respirator or equivalent. Gloves.
Personal Protection in Case of a Large Spill	Splash goggles. Full suit. Vapor respirator. Boots. Gloves. A self-contained breathing apparatus should be used to avoid inhalation of the product. Suggested protective clothing might not be sufficient; consult a specialist BEFORE handling this product.
Engineering Controls	Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapors below their respective threshold limit value. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are proximal to the work-station location.
Small Spill	Absorb with an inert material and put the spilled material in an appropriate waste disposal.
Large Spill	Flammable liquid, insoluble in water. Keep away from heat. Keep away from sources of ignition. Stop leak if without risk. Absorb with DRY earth, sand or other non-combustible material. Do not get water inside container. Do not touch spilled material. Prevent entry into sewers, basements or confined areas; dike if needed. Call for assistance on disposal. Be careful that the product is not present at a concentration level above TLV. Check TLV on the MSDS and with local authorities.
Waste Disposal	Waste must be disposed of in accordance with federal, state and local environmental control regulations.
Precautions	Keep away from heat. Keep away from sources of ignition. Ground all equipment containing material. Do not ingest. Do not breathe gas/fumes/vapor/spray. Wear suitable protective clothing. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. If ingested, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or the label. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Keep away from incompatibles such as oxidizing agents, reducing agents, organic materials, acids, alkalis.
Storage	Store in a segregated and approved area. Keep container in a cool, well-ventilated area. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).
TDG Classification	Class 3: Flammable liquid.

PIN	1263 PAINT	PG: II
Special Provisions for Transport	Not available.	
Federal and State Regulations	<p>California prop. 65: This product contains the following ingredients for which the State of California has found to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm, which would require a warning under the statute: Quartz (SiO2); XYLENE</p> <p>California prop. 65: This product contains the following ingredients for which the State of California has found to cause reproductive harm (female) which would require a warning under the statute: Quartz (SiO2)</p> <p>California prop. 65: This product contains the following ingredients for which the State of California has found to cause reproductive harm (male) which would require a warning under the statute: Quartz (SiO2)</p> <p>Illinois toxic substances disclosure to employee act: Benzene, ethyl-</p> <p>New York release reporting list: Benzene, 1,3-dimethyl-</p> <p>New York acutely hazardous substances: Benzene, ethyl-</p> <p>Rhode Island RTK hazardous substances: Benzene, ethyl-</p> <p>Florida: Benzene, ethyl-; Benzene, 1,3-dimethyl-</p> <p>Minnesota: Benzene, ethyl-</p> <p>Massachusetts RTK: Benzene, ethyl-; Benzene, 1,3-dimethyl-</p> <p>New Jersey: Benzene, ethyl-</p> <p>TSCA 8(b) inventory: XYLENE; N-Butyl Alcohol</p> <p>TSCA 8(d) H and S data reporting: Benzene, ethyl-</p> <p>SARA 302/304/311/312 extremely hazardous substances: N-Butyl Alcohol</p> <p>SARA 311/312 MSDS distribution - chemical inventory - hazard identification: Quartz (SiO2): delayed health hazard; XYLENE: fire, immediate health hazard; Isobutyl alcohol: fire, delayed health hazard</p> <p>SARA 313 toxic chemical notification and release reporting: XYLENE 0.833789%</p> <p>CERCLA: Hazardous substances.: XYLENE; Isobutyl alcohol; N-Butyl Alcohol;</p>	
Other Regulations	OSHA: Hazardous by definition of Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).	
Other Classifications	WHMIS (Canada)	CLASS B-2: Flammable liquid with a flash point lower than 37.8°C (100°F). CLASS D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (VERY TOXIC). CLASS D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (TOXIC).
	HCS (U.S.A.)	Class: Flammable liquid having a flash point lower than 37.8°C (100°F). Class: Target organ effects.
Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)	Health Hazard	* 2
	Fire Hazard	4
	Reactivity	0
	Personal Protection	h
National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)	Health	2
	Fire Hazard	4
	Reactivity	0
	Specific Hazard	

Section 8. First Aid Measures

Eye Contact	Check for and remove any contact lenses. In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention.
Skin Contact	In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Cover the irritated skin with an emollient. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse. Get medical attention immediately.
Hazardous Skin Contact	Wash with a disinfectant soap and cover the contaminated skin with an anti-bacterial cream. Seek medical attention.
Inhalation	If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention.
Hazardous Inhalation	Evacuate the victim to a safe area as soon as possible. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen. If the victim is not breathing, perform mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Seek medical attention.

Ingestion	Do not induce vomiting. Examine the lips and mouth to ascertain whether the tissues are damaged, a possible indication that the toxic material was ingested; the absence of such signs, however, is not conclusive. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. If the victim is not breathing, perform mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Seek immediate medical attention.
Hazardous Ingestion	Not available.

Section 9. Preparation Information

References	-Manufacturers Material Safety Data Sheets.
Other Special Considerations	Not available.
Related Information	This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the CPR, and the MSDS contains all the information required by CPR.
Preparation Information	Validated by C.M. Kelly on 5/28/2002. Verified by C.M. Kelly. Printed 3/25/2003.
Information Contact	Prepared by the Health, Safety and Environment Department, Chemcraft International Inc., P.O. Box 458, 155, Rose Glen Road North, Port Hope, ON. Canada. Phone: 905 885-6388 Fax: 905 885-5097

Notice to Reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above named supplier nor any of its subsidiaries assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.