

Material Safety Data Sheet

Section 1. Product Identification and Use

Product Name - Trade Name **890-7851 PERMATONE RED**

Supplier - Manufacturer **Chemcraft International Inc.,**
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Canada L1A 3Z3

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Code 890-7851

Synonym PERMATONE RED

Chemical Name Not applicable.

Chemical Family Synthetic polymer in organic solvent. (Paint.)

Chemical Formula Not applicable.

Material Uses Coatings: Surface coatings and finishes.

Product Identification Number (PIN) 1263 PAINT

Section 2. Hazardous Ingredients

Name	CAS #	% by Weight	<u>Exposure Limits</u>	
			LC ₅₀ /LD ₅₀	TLV/PEL
Methyl ethyl ketone	78-93-3	30-60	ORAL (LD50): Acute: 3400 mg/kg [Rat]. DERMAL (LD50): Acute: 13000 mg/kg [Rabbit].	TWA: 200 STEL: 300 CEIL: 300 (ppb) [1993] TWA: 590 STEL: 585 CEIL: 885 (ppm) from ACGIH (TLV) [United States] [1993]
Propylene glycol monomethyl ether	107-98-2	5-10	ORAL (LD50): Acute: 5660 mg/kg [Rat]. DERMAL (LD50): Acute: 13000 mg/kg [Rabbit].	TWA: 100 STEL: 150 (ppb) from ACGIH (TLV) [United States] TWA: 100 STEL: 150 (ppm) from NIOSH TWA: 360 STEL: 540 (mg/m ³) from NIOSH TWA: 100 STEL: 150 (ppm) from OSHA (PEL) [United States] TWA: 540 STEL: 360 (mg/m ³) from OSHA (PEL) [United States]
Methyl alcohol	67-56-1	30-60	ORAL (LD50): Acute: 6200 mg/kg [Rat]. 5600 mg/kg [Rat]. DERMAL (LD50): Acute: 15800 mg/kg [Rabbit].	TWA: 200 (ppm) from OSHA (PEL) [United States] TWA: 200 STEL: 250 (ppm) from ACGIH (TLV) [United States] [2000] TWA: 200 STEL: 250 (ppm) from NIOSH [1997] TWA: 260 STEL: 325 (mg/m ³) from NIOSH

Trace impurities and additional material names not listed above may appear in other sections of this MSDS. These materials may be listed for toxicological concerns, local compliance, or other reasons.

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Section 3. Physical Data

Physical State and Appearance	Liquid.
Color	Not available.
Odor	Not available.
Taste	Not available.
Molecular Weight	Not applicable.
pH (1% soln/water)	Neutral.
Boiling Point	The lowest known value is 64.5°C (148.1°F) (Methanol). Weighted average: 74.36°C (165.8°F)
Melting Point	May start to solidify at 0°C (32°F) based on data for: Water. Weighted average: -91.78°C (-133.2°F)
Critical Temperature	Not available.
Specific Gravity	Weighted average: 0.81 (Water = 1)
Vapor Pressure	The highest known value is 12.2 kPa (@ 20°C) (Methanol). Weighted average: 10.65 kPa (@ 20°C)
Vapor Density	The highest known value is 3.12 (Air = 1) (2-Propanol, 1-methoxy-). Weighted average: 1.74 (Air = 1)
Volatility	Not available.
Odor Threshold	The highest known value is 0.25 ppm (2-Butanone)
Water/Oil Dist. Coeff.	The product is much more soluble in water.
Ionicity (in Water)	Not available.
Dispersion Properties	See solubility in water, methanol, diethyl ether, acetone.
Solubility	Easily soluble in cold water, hot water, methanol, diethyl ether, acetone. Insoluble in n-octanol.

Section 4. Fire and Explosion Hazard

The Product is:	Flammable.
Fire Hazards in Presence of Various Substances	Extremely flammable in presence of open flames and sparks. Non-flammable in presence of shocks, of heat, of oxidizing materials, of reducing materials, of combustible materials, of organic materials, of metals, of acids, of alkalis, of moisture.
Fire Fighting Media and Instructions	Flammable liquid, soluble or dispersed in water. SMALL FIRE: Use DRY chemical powder. LARGE FIRE: Use alcohol foam, water spray or fog. Cool containing vessels with water jet in order to prevent pressure build-up, autoignition or explosion.
Special Remarks on Fire Hazards	Explosive in the form of vapor when exposed to heat or flame. Vapor may travel considerable distance to source of ignition and flash back. When heated to decomposition, it emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes. (Methanol)
Flash Points	The lowest known value is CLOSED CUP: -6°C (21.2°F). (Tagliabue.). OPEN CUP: -4°C (24.8°F). (2-Butanone)
Flammable Limits	The greatest known range is LOWER: 6% UPPER: 36.5% (Methanol)
Auto-Ignition Temperature	The lowest known value is 287°C (548.6°F) (2-Propanol, 1-methoxy-).
Products of Combustion	These products are carbon oxides (CO, CO2).
Explosion Hazards in Presence of Various Substances	Extremely explosive in presence of open flames and sparks. Non-explosive in presence of shocks, of reducing materials, of combustible materials, of organic materials, of metals, of acids, of alkalis, of moisture.
Special Remarks on Explosion Hazards	Not available.

Section 5. Reactivity Data

Stability	The product is stable.
Decomposition products	Not available.
Conditions of Instability	Not available.
Incompatibility with various substances	Highly reactive with oxidizing agents. Slightly reactive to reactive with acids. Non-reactive with reducing agents, combustible materials, metals, alkalis, moisture.

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Corrosivity	Non-corrosive in presence of glass, of aluminum, of zinc, of copper, of stainless steel(304), of stainless steel(316).
Special Remarks on Reactivity	Air sensitive. (2-Propanol, 1-methoxy-)
Special Remarks on Corrosivity	Not available.

Section 6. Toxicological Properties

Routes of Entry	Absorbed through skin. Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.
Toxicity to Animals	Acute oral toxicity (LD50): 3400 mg/kg [Rat]. (2-Butanone). Acute dermal toxicity (LD50): 13000 mg/kg [Rabbit]. (2-Butanone).
Effects of Acute Exposure	Extremely hazardous in case of ingestion. Very hazardous in case of skin contact (permeator), of eye contact (irritant). Hazardous in case of skin contact (irritant), of inhalation. Non-corrosive for skin. Inflammation of the eye is characterized by redness, watering, and itching.
Chronic Effects on Humans	CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS: Classified A5 (Not suspected for human.) by ACGIH, 4 (Probably not for human.) by IARC, 4 (No evidence.) by NTP, None. by OSHA [2-Butanone]. Classified 4 (Probably not for human.) by IARC, 4 (No evidence.) by NTP, None. by OSHA [2-Propanol, 1-methoxy-]. Classified A5 (Not suspected for human.) by ACGIH, 4 (Probably not for human.) by IARC, 4 (No evidence.) by NTP, None. by OSHA [Methanol]. MUTAGENIC EFFECTS: Not available. TERATOGENIC EFFECTS: Not available. DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY: Not available. The substance is toxic to the nervous system. Repeated or prolonged exposure to the substance can produce target organs damage.
Special Remarks on Toxicity to Animals	Not available.
Special Remarks on Chronic Effects on Humans	May be fatal or cause blindness if swallowed. Animal: embryotoxic, passes through the placental barrier. (Methanol)
Special Remarks on Other Toxic Effects on Humans	Narcotic. (Methanol)
Exposure Limits	2-Butanone TWA: 200 STEL: 300 CEIL: 300 (ppb) [1993] TWA: 590 STEL: 585 CEIL: 885 (ppm) from ACGIH (TLV) [United States] [1993] 2-Propanol, 1-methoxy- TWA: 100 STEL: 150 (ppb) from ACGIH (TLV) [United States] TWA: 100 STEL: 150 (ppm) from NIOSH TWA: 360 STEL: 540 (mg/m ³) from NIOSH TWA: 100 STEL: 150 (ppm) from OSHA (PEL) [United States] TWA: 540 STEL: 360 (mg/m ³) from OSHA (PEL) [United States] Methanol TWA: 200 (ppm) from OSHA (PEL) [United States] TWA: 200 STEL: 250 (ppm) from ACGIH (TLV) [United States] [2000] TWA: 200 STEL: 250 (ppm) from NIOSH [1997] TWA: 260 STEL: 325 (mg/m ³) from NIOSH

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

Section 7. Preventive Measures

Personal Protection	Splash goggles. Lab coat. Vapor respirator. Be sure to use an approved/certified respirator or equivalent. Gloves.
Personal Protection in Case of a Large Spill	Splash goggles. Full suit. Vapor respirator. Boots. Gloves. A self-contained breathing apparatus should be used to avoid inhalation of the product. Suggested protective clothing might not be sufficient; consult a specialist BEFORE handling this product.
Engineering Controls	Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapors below their respective threshold limit value. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are proximal to the work-station location.
Small Spill	Dilute with water and mop up, or absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container.
Large Spill	Flammable liquid. Keep away from heat. Keep away from sources of ignition. Stop leak if without risk. Absorb with DRY earth, sand or other non-combustible material. Do not touch spilled material. Prevent entry into sewers, basements or confined areas; dike if needed. Be careful that the product is not present at a concentration level above TLV. Check TLV on the MSDS and with local authorities.

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Waste Disposal	Waste must be disposed of in accordance with federal, state and local environmental control regulations.	
Precautions	Keep away from heat. Keep away from sources of ignition. Ground all equipment containing material. Do not ingest. Do not breathe gas/fumes/vapor/spray. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. If ingested, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or the label. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Keep away from incompatibles such as oxidizing agents.	
Storage	Store in a segregated and approved area. Keep container in a cool, well-ventilated area. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).	
TDG Classification	Class 3: Flammable liquid.	
PIN	1263 PAINT	PG: II
Special Provisions for Transport	Not available.	
Federal and State Regulations	New York release reporting list: Methanol Rhode Island RTK hazardous substances: 2-Propanol, 1-methoxy-; Methanol Pennsylvania RTK: 2-Propanol, 1-methoxy-; Methanol: (environmental hazard) Florida: 2-Propanol, 1-methoxy-; Methanol Minnesota: 2-Propanol, 1-methoxy-; Methanol Massachusetts RTK: 2-Propanol, 1-methoxy-; Methanol New Jersey: 2-Propanol, 1-methoxy-; Methanol TSCA 8(b) inventory: 2-Propanol, 1-methoxy- TSCA 8(d) H and S data reporting: 2-Propanol, 1-methoxy- SARA 302/304/311/312 hazardous chemicals: Methanol SARA 311/312 MSDS distribution - chemical inventory - hazard identification: Methyl ethyl ketone: fire, immediate health hazard SARA 313 toxic chemical notification and release reporting: Methyl ethyl ketone 34.3%; Methyl Alcohol 55.8% CERCLA: Hazardous substances.: Methyl ethyl ketone; Methyl Alcohol;	
Other Regulations	OSHA: Hazardous by definition of Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).	
Other Classifications	WHMIS (Canada)	CLASS B-2: Flammable liquid with a flash point lower than 37.8°C (100°F). CLASS D-1A: Material causing immediate and serious toxic effects (VERY TOXIC). CLASS D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (VERY TOXIC). CLASS D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (TOXIC).
	HCS (U.S.A.)	Class: Flammable liquid having a flash point lower than 37.8°C (100°F). Class: Irritating substance. Class: Target organ effects.
Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)	Health Hazard	* 2
	Fire Hazard	3
	Reactivity	0
	Personal Protection	h
National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)	Health	2
	Fire Hazard	3
	Reactivity	0
	Specific Hazard	

Section 8. First Aid Measures

Eye Contact	Check for and remove any contact lenses. In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Cold water may be used. Get medical attention immediately.
Skin Contact	In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water. Cover the irritated skin with an emollient. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Cold water may be used. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse. Get medical attention.
Hazardous Skin Contact	Wash with a disinfectant soap and cover the contaminated skin with an anti-bacterial cream. Seek immediate medical attention.
Inhalation	If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention.

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Hazardous Inhalation	Evacuate the victim to a safe area as soon as possible. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen. If the victim is not breathing, perform mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. WARNING: It may be hazardous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation when the inhaled material is toxic, infectious or corrosive. Seek medical attention.
Ingestion	Do not induce vomiting. Examine the lips and mouth to ascertain whether the tissues are damaged, a possible indication that the toxic material was ingested; the absence of such signs, however, is not conclusive. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. If the victim is not breathing, perform mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Seek immediate medical attention.
Hazardous Ingestion	Not available.

Section 9. Preparation Information

References	-Manufacturers Material Safety Data Sheets.
Other Special Considerations	Not available.
Related Information	This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the CPR, and the MSDS contains all the information required by CPR.
Preparation Information	Validated by Carroll Kelly on 1/3/2002. Verified by Carroll Kelly. Printed 9/18/2002.
Information Contact	Prepared by the Health, Safety and Environment Department, Chemcraft International Inc., P.O. Box 458, 155, Rose Glen Road North, Port Hope, ON. Canada. Phone: 905 885-6388 Fax: 905 885-5097

Notice to Reader

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