

# Material Safety Data Sheet

## Section 1. Product Identification and Use

Product Name - Trade Name **890-6804ULTRASAPRAY QUIN RED(C43524)**

Supplier - Manufacturer **Chemcraft® International Inc.**

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Code 890-6804

Synonym ULTRASAPRAY QUIN RED(C43524)

Chemical Name Not applicable.

Chemical Family Synthetic polymer in organic solvent. (Paint.)

Chemical Formula Not applicable.

Material Uses Coatings: Surface coatings and finishes.

Product Identification Number (PIN) 1263 Paint

## Section 2. Hazardous Ingredients

### Exposure limits

Name	CAS #	% by Weight	LC <sub>50</sub> /LD <sub>50</sub>	TLV/PEL
Toluene	108-88-3	50 - 75	ORAL (LD50): Acute: 2600 mg/kg [Rat]. DERMAL (LD50): Acute: 12210 mg/kg [Rabbit].	<b>ACGIH (United States, 1993).</b> TWA: 50 ppm TWA: 188 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	10 - 15	ORAL (LD50): Acute: 7060 mg/kg [Rat]. VAPOR (LC50): Acute: 8000 mg/l 4 hour/hours [Rat].	<b>OSHA (United States).</b> TWA: 1000 ppm <b>ACGIH (United States).</b> TWA: 1000 ppm <b>NIOSH</b> TWA: 1000 ppm
Heavy aromatic naphtha.	64742-94-5	5 - 10	ORAL (LD50): Acute: 3000 mg/kg [Rat]. DERMAL (LD50): Acute: 3001 mg/kg [Rabbit].	
Propylene glycol monomethyl ether	107-98-2	5 - 10	ORAL (LD50): Acute: 5660 mg/kg [Rat]. DERMAL (LD50): Acute: 13000 mg/kg [Rabbit].	<b>ACGIH (United States).</b> TWA: 100 ppm STEL: 150 ppm
Isopropanol	67-63-0	1 - 5	ORAL (LD50): Acute: 5045 mg/kg [Rat]. 4797 mg/kg [Dog]. 3600 mg/kg [Mouse]. DERMAL (LD50): Acute: 12800 mg/kg [Rabbit].	<b>ACGIH (United States, 1994).</b> TWA: 400 ppm STEL: 500 ppm TWA: 983 mg/m <sup>3</sup> STEL: 1230 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
1-Butanol	71-36-3	1 - 5	ORAL (LD50): Acute: 2510 mg/kg [Rat]. 790 mg/kg [Rat]. DERMAL (LD50): Acute: 5300 mg/kg [Rabbit]. 3400 mg/kg [Rabbit]. VAPOR (LC50):	TWA: 50 ppm CEIL: 50 ppm

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			Acute: 8000 mg/l 4 hour/hours [Rat].	
Diacetone alcohol	123-42-2	1 - 5	ORAL (LD50): Acute: 4000 mg/kg [Rat]. 3959 mg/kg [Mouse]. DERMAL (LD50): Acute: 13600 mg/kg [Rabbit].	TWA: 50 ppm CEIL: 75 ppm <b>ACGIH (United States).</b> TWA: 240 mg/m <sup>3</sup> CEIL: 360 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Mineral spirits	8052-41-3	1 - 5	ORAL (LD50): Acute: 5000 mg/kg [Rat]. DERMAL (LD50): Acute: 3160 mg/kg [Rabbit].	TWA: 100 ppm CEIL: 125 ppm <b>ACGIH (United States).</b> TWA: 525 mg/m <sup>3</sup> CEIL: 720 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Ethyl 3-ethoxy propionate	763-69-9	1 - 5	ORAL (LD50): Acute: 5001 mg/kg [Rat]. 4301 mg/kg [Rat]. DERMAL (LD50): Acute: 10000 mg/kg [Rabbit]. VAPOR (LC50): Acute: >1000 ppm 6 hour/hours [Rat].	
Xylenes	1330-20-7	0.1 - 1	ORAL (LD50): Acute: 4300 mg/kg [Rat].	<b>ACGIH (United States, 1992).</b> TWA: 100 ppm STEL: 150 ppm TWA: 434 mg/m <sup>3</sup> STEL: 651 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

Trace impurities and additional material names not listed above may appear in other sections of this MSDS. These materials may be listed for toxicological concerns, local compliance, or other reasons.

### **Section 3. Physical Data**

<b>Physical State and Appearance</b>	Liquid.
<b>Color</b>	Not available.
<b>Odor</b>	Not available.
<b>Taste</b>	Not available.
<b>Molecular Weight</b>	Not applicable.
<b>pH (1% soln/water)</b>	Neutral.
<b>Boiling Point</b>	The lowest known value is 78.5°C (173.3°F) (Ethanol). Weighted average: 115.67°C (240.2°F)
<b>Melting Point</b>	May start to solidify at -42.8°C (-45°F) based on data for: 2-Pentanone, 4-hydroxy-4-methyl-. Weighted average: -92.31°C (-134.2°F)
<b>Critical Temperature</b>	Not available.
<b>Specific Gravity</b>	0.8658 (Water = 1)
<b>Vapor Pressure</b>	The highest known value is 5.7 kPa (43 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (Ethanol). Weighted average: 2.72 kPa (20.4 mm Hg) (at 20°C)
<b>Vapor Density</b>	The highest known value is 5.03 (Air = 1) (Propanoic acid, 3-ethoxy-, ethyl ester). Weighted average: 3.13 (Air = 1)
<b>Volatility</b>	Not available.
<b>Odor Threshold</b>	The lowest known value is 0.28 ppm (2-Pentanone, 4-hydroxy-4-methyl-) Weighted average: 109.47 ppm
<b>Water/Oil Dist. Coeff.</b>	The product is much more soluble in octanol.
<b>Ionicity (in Water)</b>	Not available.
<b>Dispersion Properties</b>	Partially dispersible in methanol, diethyl ether. Not dispersible in cold water, hot water. See solubility in methanol, diethyl ether, n-octanol, acetone.
<b>Solubility</b>	Easily soluble in methanol, diethyl ether, acetone. Soluble in n-octanol. Insoluble in cold water, hot water.

## Section 4. Fire and Explosion Hazard

<b>The Product is:</b>	Flammable.
<b>Fire Hazards in Presence of Various Substances</b>	Highly flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge. Flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: heat. Slightly flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: oxidizing materials.
<b>Fire Fighting Media and Instructions</b>	SMALL FIRE: Use dry chemical powder. LARGE FIRE: Use water spray or fog. Cool containers with water jet in order to prevent pressure build-up, auto-ignition or explosion.
<b>Special Remarks on Fire Hazards</b>	Vapor may travel a considerable distance to source of ignition and flash back. (Benzene, methyl-)
<b>Flash Points</b>	The lowest known value is Closed cup: 6°C (42.8°F). (Tagliabue.). Open cup: 9°C (48.2°F). (Tagliabue). (Benzene, methyl-)
<b>Flammable Limits</b>	The greatest known range is Lower: 3.3% Upper: 19% (Ethanol)
<b>Auto-Ignition Temperature</b>	The lowest known value is 229°C (444.2°F) (Stoddard solvent).
<b>Products of Combustion</b>	These products are carbon oxides (CO, CO <sub>2</sub> ).
<b>Explosion Hazards in Presence of Various Substances</b>	Highly explosive in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge.
<b>Special Remarks on Explosion Hazards</b>	Not available.

## Section 5. Reactivity Data

<b>Stability</b>	The product is stable.
<b>Decomposition products</b>	Not available.
<b>Conditions of Instability</b>	Not available.
<b>Incompatibility with various substances</b>	Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials, reducing materials, acids and alkalis. Slightly reactive or incompatible with the following materials: organic materials and metals. Non-reactive or compatible with the following materials: combustible materials and moisture.
<b>Corrosivity</b>	Not available.
<b>Special Remarks on Reactivity</b>	Air sensitive. (1-Propanol, 2-methoxy-)
<b>Special Remarks on Corrosivity</b>	Not available.

## Section 6. Toxicological Properties

<b>Routes of Entry</b>	Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.
<b>Toxicity to Animals</b>	Acute oral toxicity (LD50): 790 mg/kg [Rat]. (1-Butanol). Acute dermal toxicity (LD50): 3001 mg/kg [Rabbit]. (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.). Acute toxicity of the vapor (LC50): >1000 ppm 6 hour/hours [Rat]. (Propanoic acid, 3-ethoxy-, ethyl ester).
<b>Effects of Acute Exposure</b>	Very hazardous in case of skin contact (permeator), of ingestion, of inhalation.
<b>Chronic Effects on Humans</b>	<b>CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS</b> Classified A4 (Not classifiable for humans or animals.) by ACGIH [Ethanol]. Classified 4 (Probably not for humans.) by IARC, None. by OSHA [2-Propanol, 1-methoxy-]. Classified A5 (Not suspected for humans.) by ACGIH, 4 (Probably not for humans.) by IARC, None. by OSHA [1-Butanol]. Classified A5 (Not suspected for humans.) by ACGIH, 4 (Probably not for humans.) by IARC [Acetic Acid, Ethyl Ester]. <b>MUTAGENIC EFFECTS</b> Not available. <b>TERATOGENIC EFFECTS</b> Not available. <b>DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY:</b> PROVEN [Ethanol] The substance is toxic to kidneys, the nervous system, the reproductive system. Repeated or prolonged exposure to the substance can produce target organs damage.

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<b>Special Remarks on Toxicity to Animals</b>	Not available.
<b>Special Remarks on Chronic Effects on Humans</b>	Inhalation of vapors may cause dizziness, an irregular heartbeat, narcosis, nausea or asphyxiation. (Benzene, methyl-)
<b>Special Remarks on Other Toxic Effects on Humans</b>	Exposure can cause lung irritation, chest pain and edema, which may be fatal. (Benzene, methyl- )
<b>Exposure Limits</b>	Not available.

## **Section 7. Preventive Measures**

<b>Personal Protection</b>	Safety glasses. Lab coat. Vapor respirator. Be sure to use an approved/certified respirator or equivalent. Gloves.
<b>Personal Protection in Case of a Large Spill</b>	Splash goggles. Full suit. Vapor respirator. Boots. Gloves. Self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) should be used to avoid inhalation of the product. Suggested protective clothing might not be adequate. Consult a specialist before handling this product.
<b>Engineering Controls</b>	Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapors below their respective occupational exposure limits. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
<b>Small Spill</b>	Absorb with an inert material and transfer the spilled material and absorbent to an appropriate waste disposal container.
<b>Large Spill</b>	Keep away from heat. Keep away from sources of ignition. Stop leak if without risk. Absorb with dry earth, sand or other non-combustible material. Do not allow water to enter container. Do not touch spilled material. Prevent entry into sewers, basements or confined areas. Dike if necessary. Call for assistance on disposal.
<b>Waste Disposal</b>	Waste must be disposed of in accordance with federal, state and local environmental control regulations.
<b>Precautions</b>	Keep away from heat. Keep away from sources of ignition. Ground all equipment containing material. Do not ingest. Do not breathe gas/fumes/ vapor/spray. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. If ingested, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or the label. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Keep away from incompatibles such as oxidizing agents.
<b>Storage</b>	Store in a segregated and approved area. Keep container in a cool, well-ventilated area. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).
<b>TDG Classification</b>	3
<b>PIN</b>	1263 Paint <b>PG: II</b>
<b>Special Provisions for Transport</b>	-
<b>Federal and State Regulations</b>	<b>WARNING:</b> This product contains chemical/chemicals known to the state of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm.: Benzene; Benzene, methyl-; Van-Sol 63/Apsol #2/Vansol 63/Hisol 10 <b>WARNING:</b> This product contains chemical/chemicals known to the state of California to cause reproductive harm (male).: Benzene <b>WARNING:</b> This product contains chemical/chemicals known to the state of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.: Benzene; Benzene, methyl- <b>WARNING:</b> This product contains chemical/chemicals known to the state of California to cause cancer.: Benzene Illinois toxic substances disclosure to employee act: Benzene, ethyl- New York release reporting list: Acetic Acid, Butyl Ester; Acetic Acid, Ethyl Ester New York acutely hazardous substances: Benzene, ethyl- Rhode Island RTK hazardous substances: Benzene, ethyl-; Acetic Acid, Ethyl Ester Pennsylvania RTK: Benzene, methyl-; Benzene, ethyl-; Benzene, dimethyl-; Acetic Acid, Butyl Ester; Ethanol; Acetic Acid, Ethyl Ester; 2-Propanol, 1-methoxy-; Isopropyl alcohol Florida: Benzene, ethyl-; Acetic Acid, Butyl Ester; Acetic Acid, Ethyl Ester Minnesota: Benzene, ethyl-; Acetic Acid, Butyl Ester; Ethanol; Acetic Acid, Ethyl Ester Massachusetts RTK: Benzene, ethyl-; Acetic Acid, Butyl Ester; Ethanol; Acetic Acid, Ethyl Ester; 2-Propanol, 1-methoxy-; Isopropyl alcohol New Jersey: Benzene, methyl-; Benzene, ethyl-; Acetic Acid, Butyl Ester; Ethanol; Acetic Acid,

Ethyl Ester; 2-Propanol, 1-methoxy-; Isopropyl alcohol  
 TSCA 8(b) inventory: Benzene, methyl-; Benzene, ethyl-; Benzene, dimethyl-; N-Butyl Alcohol;  
 Acetic Acid, Butyl Ester; Ethanol; Acetic Acid, Ethyl Ester; Isopropyl alcohol  
 TSCA 5(e) substance consent order: Acetic Acid, Butyl Ester; Acetic Acid, Ethyl Ester  
 TSCA 8(d) H and S data reporting: Benzene, ethyl-  
 TSCA 12(b) annual export notification: Acetic Acid, Butyl Ester; Acetic Acid, Ethyl Ester  
 SARA 311/312 MSDS distribution - chemical inventory - hazard identification: Benzene,  
 methyl-: Fire hazard, Immediate (acute) health hazard, Delayed (chronic) health hazard;  
 2-Propanol: Fire hazard, Delayed (chronic) health hazard  
 CERCLA: Hazardous substances.: Benzene, methyl-: 1000 lbs. (453.6 kg); Benzene, ethyl-:  
 1000 lbs. (453.6 kg); Benzene, dimethyl-: 100 lbs. (45.36 kg); N-Butyl Alcohol; Acetic Acid,  
 Butyl Ester; Isobutyl alcohol; Acetic Acid, Ethyl Ester;

**Other Regulations** OSHA: Hazardous by definition of Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

**Other Classifications**

<b>WHMIS (Canada)</b>	<b>Class B-2: Flammable liquid</b> <b>Class D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (Very toxic).</b> <b>Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (Toxic).</b>
<b>HCS (U.S.A.)</b>	Contains material which may cause cancer Highly toxic Target organ effects

<b>Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)</b>	<b>Health Hazard</b>	* 2
	<b>Fire Hazard</b>	3
	<b>Reactivity</b>	0
	<b>Personal Protection</b>	G

<b>National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)</b>	<b>Health</b>	2
	<b>Fire Hazard</b>	3
	<b>Reactivity</b>	0
	<b>Specific Hazard</b>	

**Section 8. First Aid Measures**

**Eye Contact** Check for and remove any contact lenses. In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention.

**Skin Contact** Wash with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops.

**Hazardous Skin Contact** Wash with a disinfectant soap and cover the contaminated skin with an anti-bacterial cream. Seek immediate medical attention.

**Inhalation** If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention.

**Hazardous Inhalation** Move the victim to a safe area as soon as possible. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen. If the victim is not breathing, perform mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Warning: It may be hazardous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation when the inhaled material is toxic, infectious or corrosive. Seek medical attention.

**Ingestion** Do not induce vomiting. Examine the lips and mouth to ascertain if the tissues are damaged, a possible indication that toxic material was ingested. The absence of such signs, however, is not conclusive. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. If the victim is not breathing, perform mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Seek immediate medical attention.

**Hazardous Ingestion** Not available.

## **Section 9. Preparation Information**

**References** -Manufacturers Material Safety Data Sheets.

**Other Special Considerations** Not available.

**Related Information** This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the CPR, and the MSDS contains all the information required by CPR.

**Preparation Information Validated by J.FORD on 2/5/2008.**

**Verified by J.FORD.**

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