

## 620-106 D-DUR CLEAR SATIN

### 1. Product and company identification

<b>Common name</b>	: 620-106 D-DUR CLEAR SATIN
<b>Synonym</b>	: D-DUR CLEAR SATIN
<b>Material uses</b>	: Coatings: Surface coatings and finishes.
<b>Manufacturer</b>	: Chemcraft International, Inc. 155 Rose Glen Road North Port Hope, Ontario, Canada L1A 3Z3 Ph:905-885-6388 Fax:905-885-7587
<b>Code</b>	: 620-106
<b>Validation date</b>	: 1/13/2006.
<b>Print date</b>	: 1/25/2006.
<b>Responsible name</b>	: K. William
<b>In case of emergency</b>	: 1-613-996-6666

### 2. Hazards identification

<b>Physical state</b>	: Liquid.
<b>OSHA/HCS status</b>	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
<b>Emergency overview</b>	: Danger! MAY BE FATAL IF ABSORBED THROUGH SKIN. CONTAINS MATERIAL WHICH CAUSES DAMAGE TO THE FOLLOWING ORGANS: BLOOD, NERVOUS SYSTEM. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling.
<b>Routes of entry</b>	: Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.
<b>Potential acute health effects</b>	
<b>Eyes</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Skin</b>	: Very toxic in contact with skin.
<b>Inhalation</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Ingestion</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Potential chronic health effects</b>	: <b>CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS:</b> Classified A5 (Not suspected for humans.) by ACGIH, 4 (Probably not for humans.) by IARC [Acetic Acid, Ethyl Ester]. Classified 4 (Probably not for humans.) by IARC [Silica gel, pptd., cryst.-free]. Classified 4 (Probably not for humans.) by IARC, None. by OSHA [Phenol, 2-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-4,6-bis(1,1-dimethylpropyl)-]. <b>MUTAGENIC EFFECTS:</b> Not available. <b>TERATOGENIC EFFECTS:</b> Not available.
<b>Medical conditions aggravated by over-exposure</b>	: Repeated or prolonged exposure to the substance can produce target organs damage.
<b>See toxicological information (section 11)</b>	

### 3 . Composition/Information on ingredients

<b>Name</b>	<b>CAS number</b>	<b>%</b>
Benzene, dimethyl-	1330-20-7	15 - 30
Proprietary compound		15 - 30
Acetic Acid, Butyl Ester	123-86-4	15 - 30
Acetic Acid, Ethyl Ester	141-78-6	5 - 15
Propanoic acid, 3-ethoxy-, ethyl ester	763-69-9	5 - 15
Benzene, ethyl-	100-41-4	5 - 15
Silica	7631-86-9	1 - 5

### 4 . First aid measures

- Eye contact** : Get medical attention immediately. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses.
- Skin contact** : Get medical attention immediately. Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing or wear gloves. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
- Inhalation** : Get medical attention immediately. Move exposed person to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
- Ingestion** : Get medical attention immediately. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Move exposed person to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

### 5 . Fire-fighting measures

- Flammability of the product** : Flammable.
- Products of combustion** : These products are carbon oxides (CO, CO<sub>2</sub>). Some metallic oxides.
- Extinguishing media**
- Suitable** : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
- Not suitable** : None known.
- Special exposure hazards** : No specific hazard.
- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
- Fire Hazards in Presence of Various Substances** : Highly flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge and heat.  
Non-flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: oxidizing materials, reducing materials, combustible materials and moisture.
- Explosion Hazards in Presence of Various Substances** : Highly explosive in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge and heat.

## 6 . Accidental release measures

- Personal precautions** : Immediately contact emergency personnel. Keep unnecessary personnel away. Use suitable protective equipment.
- Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.
- Methods for cleaning up** : If emergency personnel are unavailable, contain spilled material. For small spills, add absorbent (soil may be used in the absence of other suitable materials), scoop up material and place in a sealable, liquid-proof container for disposal. For large spills, dike spilled material or otherwise contain material to ensure runoff does not reach a waterway. Place spilled material in an appropriate container for disposal.

## 7 . Handling and storage

- Handling** : Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling.
- Storage** : Keep container tightly closed. Keep container in a cool, well-ventilated area.

## 8 . Exposure controls/personal protection

### Product name

Acetic Acid, Ethyl Ester

### Exposure limits

**ACGIH TLV (United States).**

TWA: 400 ppm 8 hour/hours.

**ACGIH (United States).**

TWA: 400 ppm

**Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.**

- Engineering measures** : No special ventilation requirements. Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control airborne levels. If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure below any recommended or statutory limits.

### Personal protection



- Eyes** : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts.
- Skin** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Respiratory** : Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.
- Hands** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.
- Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

## 9 . Physical and chemical properties

<b>Physical state</b>	: Liquid.
<b>Flash point</b>	: The lowest known value is Closed cup: -1°C (30.2°F). (Tagliabue). Open cup: -0.5°C (31.1°F). (Tagliabue). (Acetic Acid, Ethyl Ester)
<b>Auto-ignition temperature</b>	: The lowest known value is 377°C (710.6°F) (Propanoic acid, 3-ethoxy-, ethyl ester).
<b>Flammable limits</b>	: The greatest known range is Lower: 2.2% Upper: 11% (Acetic Acid, Ethyl Ester)
<b>Boiling/condensation point</b>	: The lowest known value is 77°C (170.6°F) (Acetic Acid, Ethyl Ester). Weighted average: 128.73°C (263.7°F)
<b>Melting/freezing point</b>	: May start to solidify at <-50°C (-58°F) based on data for: Propanoic acid, 3-ethoxy-, ethyl ester. Weighted average: -76.05°C (-104.9°F)
<b>Relative density</b>	: Weighted average: 0.94 (Water = 1)
<b>Vapor pressure</b>	: The highest known value is 9.7 kPa (73 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (Acetic Acid, Ethyl Ester). Weighted average: 2.53 kPa (18.98 mm Hg) (at 20°C)
<b>Vapor density</b>	: The highest known value is 5.03 (Air = 1) (Propanoic acid, 3-ethoxy-, ethyl ester). Weighted average: 3.83 (Air = 1)
<b>Odor threshold</b>	: The lowest known value is 0.04 ppm (Acetic Acid, Butyl Ester) Weighted average: 0.4 ppm
<b>Evaporation rate</b>	: The highest known value is 7.5 (Acetic Acid, Ethyl Ester) Weighted average: 2.54 compared with Butyl acetate.
<b>Viscosity</b>	: Dynamic: The highest known value is 1.2 cP (Propanoic acid, 3-ethoxy-, ethyl ester) Weighted average: 0.86 cP
<b>Dispersibility properties</b>	: Partially dispersible in methanol, diethyl ether. Not dispersible in cold water, hot water. See solubility in methanol, diethyl ether, n-octanol, acetone.
<b>Solubility</b>	: Easily soluble in methanol, diethyl ether, n-octanol, acetone. Insoluble in cold water, hot water.

## 10 . Stability and reactivity

<b>Stability and reactivity</b>	: The product is stable.
<b>Conditions of instability</b>	: Avoid contact with oxidizing agents. (Benzene, (1-methylethenyl)-)
<b>Incompatibility with various substances</b>	: Highly reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials. Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: reducing materials, organic materials, metals, acids and alkalis.
<b>Conditions of reactivity</b>	: Highly flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge and heat. Non-flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: oxidizing materials, reducing materials, combustible materials and moisture. Highly explosive in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge and heat.

## 11 . Toxicological information

### Toxicity data

<u>Product/ingredient name</u>	<u>Test</u>	<u>Result</u>	<u>Route</u>	<u>Species</u>
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## 11 . Toxicological information

Benzene, dimethyl-	LD50	4300 mg/kg	Oral	Rat.
Acetic Acid, Butyl Ester	LD50	14130 mg/kg	Oral	Rat
	LD50	7100 mg/kg	Oral	Mouse
	LD50	5000 mg/kg	Dermal	Rabbit
	LD50	8770 mg/kg	Dermal	Guinea pig
Acetic Acid, Ethyl Ester	LD50	5620 mg/kg	Oral	Rat
	LD50	4100 mg/kg	Oral	Mouse
	LD50	4935 mg/kg	Oral	Rabbit
	LD50	>20 mg/kg	Dermal	Rabbit
	LC50	45000 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (2 hour/hours)	Inhalation	Mouse
	LC50	16000 ppm (6 hour/hours)	Inhalation	Rat

**Chronic effects on humans** : **CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS:** Classified A5 (Not suspected for humans.) by ACGIH, 4 (Probably not for humans.) by IARC [Acetic Acid, Ethyl Ester]. Classified 4 (Probably not for humans.) by IARC [Silica gel, pptd., cryst.-free]. Classified 4 (Probably not for humans.) by IARC, None. by OSHA [Phenol, 2-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-4,6-bis(1,1-dimethylpropyl)-].  
Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: blood, the nervous system.

**Other toxic effects on humans** : Hazardous in case of skin contact (permeator), of ingestion, of inhalation.

**Special remarks on chronic effects on humans** : Prolonged or repeated contact with skin can cause defatting and drying of the skin resulting in skin irritation and dermatitis. Prolonged exposure to high vapour concentration can cause headache, dizziness, nausea and central nervous system depression.  
High level exposure to Xylene in laboratory animals, often at levels which are toxic to the mother, have affected the development of the fetus. The relevance of this to humans is not known. (Benzene, dimethyl-)

**Special remarks on other toxic effects on humans** : Material is irritating to mucous membranes and upper respiratory tract. Small amounts of liquid aspirated into the respiratory system during ingestion or from vomiting may cause mild to severe pulmonary injury and possibly death. (Benzene, dimethyl-)

### Specific effects

**Carcinogenic effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Mutagenic effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Teratogenicity / Reproductive toxicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Sensitization

**Ingestion** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Eyes** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Skin** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## 12. Ecological information

- Environmental precautions** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Octanol/water partition coefficient** : The product is much more soluble in octanol.
- Bioconcentration factor** : Not available.
- Products of degradation** : These products are carbon oxides (CO, CO<sub>2</sub>) and water. Some metallic oxides.
- Toxicity of the products of biodegradation** : The products of degradation are less toxic than the product itself.

## 13. Disposal considerations


- Waste disposal** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations. Local regulations may be more stringent than regional or national requirements.

The information presented below only applies to the material as supplied. The identification based on characteristic(s) or listing may not apply if the material has been used or otherwise contaminated. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste identification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees.

## 14. Transport information

Regulatory information	UN number	Class	PG*	Label	Additional information
TDG Classification	1263 Paint	3	III		-

PG\* : Packing group

## 15. Regulatory information

### United States

- HCS Classification** : Highly toxic material  
Target organ effects
- U.S. Federal regulations** : TSCA 5(e) substance consent order: Acetic Acid, Butyl Ester; Acetic Acid, Ethyl Ester  
TSCA 8(b) inventory: Acetic Acid, Butyl Ester; Benzene, ethyl-; Benzene, dimethyl-; Acetic Acid, Ethyl Ester  
TSCA 8(d) H and S data reporting: Benzene, ethyl-  
TSCA 12(b) annual export notification: Acetic Acid, Butyl Ester; Acetic Acid, Ethyl Ester  
SARA 302/304/311/312 extremely hazardous substances: No products were found.  
SARA 302/304 emergency planning and notification: No products were found.  
SARA 302/304/311/312 hazardous chemicals: No products were found.  
SARA 311/312 MSDS distribution - chemical inventory - hazard identification: Benzene, ethyl-: Fire hazard, Immediate (acute) health hazard; Benzene, dimethyl-: Fire hazard, Immediate (acute) health hazard, Delayed (chronic) health hazard; Acetic Acid, Ethyl Ester: Fire hazard, Immediate (acute) health hazard  
Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: Benzene, ethyl-

## 15. Regulatory information

Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: No products were found.

Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 accidental release prevention: No products were found.

Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 regulated flammable substances: No products were found.

Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 regulated toxic substances: No products were found.

### State regulations

- : Illinois toxic substances disclosure to employee act: Benzene, ethyl-
- New York release reporting list: Acetic Acid, Butyl Ester; Acetic Acid, Ethyl Ester
- New York acutely hazardous substances: Benzene, ethyl-
- Rhode Island RTK hazardous substances: Benzene, ethyl-; Acetic Acid, Ethyl Ester
- Pennsylvania RTK: Acetic Acid, Butyl Ester; Benzene, ethyl-; Benzene, dimethyl-; Acetic Acid, Ethyl Ester
- Florida: Acetic Acid, Butyl Ester; Benzene, ethyl-; Acetic Acid, Ethyl Ester
- Minnesota: Acetic Acid, Butyl Ester; Benzene, ethyl-; Acetic Acid, Ethyl Ester
- Massachusetts RTK: Acetic Acid, Butyl Ester; Benzene, ethyl-; Acetic Acid, Ethyl Ester
- New Jersey: Acetic Acid, Butyl Ester; Benzene, ethyl-; Acetic Acid, Ethyl Ester

### Ingredient name

### Cancer

### Reproductive

### No significant risk level

### Maximum acceptable dosage level

Acetic Acid, Ethyl Ester

No.

No.

No.

No.

### Canada

### WHMIS (Canada)

- : Class B-2: Flammable liquid
- Class D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (Very toxic).
- Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (Toxic).

Canadian Environmental Protection Act (CEPA): This product is on the Domestic Substances List (DSL) and is acceptable for use under the provisions of CEPA.: Acetic Acid, Butyl Ester; Benzene, dimethyl-

CEPA DSL: Proprietary compound; Acetic Acid, Butyl Ester; Silica; Benzene, dimethyl-; Flattening Agent TS100; Acetic Acid, Ethyl Ester; Ethyl 3-ethoxy propionate

Canadian NPRI: Benzene, ethyl-

This product has been classified according to the hazard criteria of the CPR and the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR.

## 16. Other information


### Label requirements

- : MAY BE FATAL IF ABSORBED THROUGH SKIN.
- CONTAINS MATERIAL WHICH CAUSES DAMAGE TO THE FOLLOWING ORGANS: BLOOD, NERVOUS SYSTEM.

### Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A)

Health	*	3
Fire hazard		3
Reactivity		0
Personal protection		G

### National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A)

- : 

### References

- : Manufacturer's Material Safety Data Sheet

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## 16 . Other information

**Date of issue** : 1/13/2006.

### Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.