

Material Safety Data Sheet

Section 1. Product Identification and Use

Product Name - Trade Name **546-7310 CHEMTONE SHADER EBONY #2 (C41682)**

Supplier - Manufacturer **Chemcraft® International Inc.**

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Code 546-7310

Synonym CHEMTONE SHADER EBONY #2 (C41682)

Chemical Name Not applicable.

Chemical Family Synthetic polymer in organic solvent. (Paint.)

Chemical Formula Not applicable.

Material Uses Coatings: Surface coatings and finishes.

Product Identification Number (PIN) 1263 Paint

Section 2. Hazardous Ingredients

Exposure limits

Name	CAS #	% by Weight	LC ₅₀ /LD ₅₀	TLV/PEL
Methyl alcohol	67-56-1	15 - 30	ORAL (LD50): Acute: 6200 mg/kg [Rat]. 5600 mg/kg [Rat]. DERMAL (LD50): Acute: 15800 mg/kg [Rabbit].	OSHA (United States). TWA: 200 ppm ACGIH (United States, 2000). TWA: 200 ppm STEL: 250 ppm NIOSH (1997). TWA: 200 ppm STEL: 250 ppm TWA: 260 mg/m ³ STEL: 325 mg/m ³
Toluene	108-88-3	15 - 30	ORAL (LD50): Acute: 2600 mg/kg [Rat]. DERMAL (LD50): Acute: 12210 mg/kg [Rabbit].	ACGIH (United States, 1993). TWA: 50 ppm TWA: 188 mg/m ³
Methyl isobutyl ketone	108-10-1	5 - 15	ORAL (LD50): Acute: 21000 mg/kg [Rat]. 2850 mg/kg [Mouse]. DERMAL (LD50): Acute: 20001 mg/kg [Rabbit].	ACGIH (United States, 1994). TWA: 50 ppm STEL: 75 ppm TWA: 205 mg/m ³ STEL: 307 mg/m ³
Methyl ethyl ketone	78-93-3	5 - 15	ORAL (LD50): Acute: 3000 mg/kg [Mouse]. 2737 mg/kg [Rat]. DERMAL (LD50): Acute: 6480 mg/kg [Rabbit].	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hour/hours. STEL: 300 ppm 15 minute/minutes. CEIL: 300 ppm
Isopropanol	67-63-0	1 - 5	ORAL (LD50): Acute: 5045 mg/kg [Rat]. 4797 mg/kg [Dog]. 3600 mg/kg [Mouse]. DERMAL (LD50): Acute:	ACGIH (United States, 1994). TWA: 400 ppm STEL: 500 ppm

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Ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	1 - 5	12800 mg/kg [Rabbit]. ORAL (LD50): Acute: 7060 mg/kg [Rat.]. VAPOR (LC50): Acute: 8000 mg/l 4 hour/hours [Rat.].	TWA: 983 mg/m ³ STEL: 1230 mg/m ³ OSHA (United States). TWA: 1000 ppm ACGIH (United States). TWA: 1000 ppm NIOSH TWA: 1000 ppm
Propylene glycol monomethyl ether	107-98-2	1 - 5	ORAL (LD50): Acute: 5660 mg/kg [Rat.]. DERMAL (LD50): Acute: 13000 mg/kg [Rabbit.].	ACGIH (United States). TWA: 100 ppm STEL: 150 ppm
Acetone	67-64-1	1 - 5	ORAL (LD50): Acute: 5800 mg/kg [Rat.]. 3000 mg/kg [Mouse]. DERMAL (LD50): Acute: 20000 mg/kg [Rabbit.].	ACGIH (United States, 1997). TWA: 500 ppm STEL: 750 ppm TWA: 1188 mg/m ³ STEL: 1782 mg/m ³
Isobutyl alcohol	78-83-1	1 - 5	ORAL (LD50): Acute: 2500 mg/kg [Rat.]. 3200 mg/kg [Mouse]. DERMAL (LD50): Acute: 4200 mg/kg [Rabbit.].	ACGIH (United States, 1993). TWA: 50 ppm
Xylenes	1330-20-7	0.1 - 1	ORAL (LD50): Acute: 4300 mg/kg [Rat.].	ACGIH (United States, 1992). TWA: 100 ppm STEL: 150 ppm TWA: 434 mg/m ³ STEL: 651 mg/m ³
Potential additional emission of formaldehyde	50-00-0*	0.1 - 1	ORAL (LD50): Acute: 100 mg/kg [Rat.]. DERMAL (LD50): Acute: 270 mg/kg [Rabbit.].	OSHA (United States). STEL: 2 ppm TWA: 0.75 ppm

Trace impurities and additional material names not listed above may appear in other sections of this MSDS. These materials may be listed for toxicological concerns, local compliance, or other reasons.

Section 3. Physical Data

Physical State and Appearance	Liquid.
Color	Not available.
Odor	Not available.
Taste	Not available.
Molecular Weight	Not applicable.
pH (1% soln/water)	Neutral.
Boiling Point	The lowest known value is 56.2°C (133.2°F) (2-Propanone). Weighted average: 89.22°C (192.6°F)
Melting Point	May start to solidify at -83°C (-117.4°F) based on data for: 2-Pentanone, 4-methyl-. Weighted average: -94.33°C (-137.8°F)
Critical Temperature	Not available.
Specific Gravity	0.86 (Water = 1)
Vapor Pressure	The highest known value is 24.1 kPa (181 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (2-Propanone). Weighted average: 7.39 kPa (55.43 mm Hg) (at 20°C)
Vapor Density	The highest known value is 3.5 (Air = 1) (2-Pentanone, 4-methyl-). Weighted average: 2.29 (Air = 1)
Volatility	Not available.
Odor Threshold	The lowest known value is 0.1 ppm (2-Pentanone, 4-methyl-) Weighted average: 29 ppm
Water/Oil Dist. Coeff.	The product is much more soluble in octanol.
Ionicity (in Water)	Not available.
Dispersion Properties	Partially dispersible in methanol, diethyl ether. Not dispersible in cold water, hot water. See solubility in methanol, diethyl ether, n-octanol, acetone.

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EBONY #2 (C41682)

Solubility Easily soluble in methanol, diethyl ether, acetone.
Soluble in n-octanol.
Insoluble in cold water, hot water.

Section 4. Fire and Explosion Hazard

The Product is: Flammable.

Fire Hazards in Presence of Various Substances Highly flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge and heat.
Slightly flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: oxidizing materials.

Fire Fighting Media and Instructions SMALL FIRE: Use dry chemical powder.
LARGE FIRE: Use water spray or fog. Cool containers with water jet in order to prevent pressure build-up, auto-ignition or explosion.

Special Remarks on Fire Hazards Explosive in the form of vapor when exposed to heat or flame. Vapor may travel considerable distance to source of ignition and flash back. When heated to decomposition, it emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes. (Methanol)

Flash Points The lowest known value is Closed cup: -18°C (-0.4°F). (T.C.C.). (2-Propanone)

Flammable Limits The greatest known range is Lower: 6% Upper: 36.5% (Methanol)

Auto-Ignition Temperature The lowest known value is 287°C (548.6°F) (2-Propanol, 1-methoxy-).

Products of Combustion These products are carbon oxides (CO, CO₂).

Explosion Hazards in Presence of Various Substances Highly explosive in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge.

Special Remarks on Explosion Hazards Not available.

Section 5. Reactivity Data

Stability The product is stable.

Decomposition products Not available.

Conditions of Instability Not available.

Incompatibility with various substances Highly reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials.
Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: acids.
Slightly reactive or incompatible with the following materials: reducing materials, organic materials, metals and alkalis.
Non-reactive or compatible with the following materials: combustible materials and moisture.

Corrosivity Not available.

Special Remarks on Reactivity Air sensitive. (1-Propanol, 2-methoxy-)

Special Remarks on Corrosivity Not available.

Section 6. Toxicological Properties

Routes of Entry Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.

Toxicity to Animals Acute oral toxicity (LD50): 2500 mg/kg [Rat.]. (1-Propanol, 2-methyl-).
Acute dermal toxicity (LD50): 4200 mg/kg [Rabbit.]. (1-Propanol, 2-methyl-).
Acute toxicity of the gas (LC50): 23500 mg/m³ 8 hour/hours [Rat.]. (2-Butanone).
Acute toxicity of the vapor (LC50): 32000 mg/m³ 4 hour/hours [Mouse]. (2-Butanone).

Effects of Acute Exposure Very hazardous in case of skin contact (permeator), of ingestion, of inhalation.

Chronic Effects on Humans **CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS:** Classified A5 (Not suspected for humans.) by ACGIH, 4 (Probably not for humans.) by IARC, None. by OSHA [Methanol]. Classified A5 (Not suspected for humans.) by ACGIH, 4 (Probably not for humans.) by IARC, None. by OSHA [2-Butanone]. Classified A4 (Not classifiable for humans or animals.) by ACGIH [Ethanol]. Classified 4 (Probably not for humans.) by IARC, None. by OSHA [2-Propanol, 1-methoxy-]. Classified A5 (Not suspected for humans.) by ACGIH, 4 (Probably not for humans.) by IARC, None. by OSHA [2-Propanone]. Classified D (Not classifiable for humans or animals.) by EPA [2-Propanone]. Classified None. by

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OSHA [C.I. Solvent Black 29]. Classified A5 (Not suspected for humans.) by ACGIH, 4 (Probably not for humans.) by IARC [Acetic Acid, Ethyl Ester]. Classified 1 (Proven for humans.) by IARC [Potential additional emission of formaldehyde]. Classified A2 (Suspected for humans.) by ACGIH, 2 (Reasonably anticipated to be human carcinogens.) by NTP [Potential additional emission of formaldehyde].

MUTAGENIC EFFECTS: Not available.

TERATOGENIC EFFECTS: Classified None. for humans [2-Propanone].

DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY: PROVEN [Ethanol]

The substance is toxic to blood, kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, the reproductive system, liver.

Repeated or prolonged exposure to the substance can produce target organs damage.

Special Remarks on Toxicity to Animals

Formaldehyde has caused cancer in test animals at high concentrations (5-15 ppm). (Potential additional emission of formaldehyde)

Special Remarks on Chronic Effects on Humans

May be fatal or cause blindness if swallowed. Animal: embryotoxic, passes through the placental barrier. (Methanol)

Special Remarks on Other Toxic Effects on Humans

Narcotic. (Methanol)

Exposure Limits

Not available.

Section 7. Preventive Measures

Personal Protection

Safety glasses. Lab coat. Vapor respirator. Be sure to use an approved/certified respirator or equivalent. Impervious gloves.

Personal Protection in Case of a Large Spill

Splash goggles. Full suit. Vapor respirator. Boots. Gloves. Self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) should be used to avoid inhalation of the product. Suggested protective clothing might not be adequate. Consult a specialist before handling this product.

Engineering Controls

Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapors below their respective occupational exposure limits. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Small Spill

Absorb with an inert material and transfer the spilled material and absorbent to an appropriate waste disposal container.

Large Spill

Keep away from heat. Keep away from sources of ignition. Stop leak if without risk. Absorb with dry earth, sand or other non-combustible material. Do not allow water to enter container. Do not touch spilled material. Prevent entry into sewers, basements or confined areas. Dike if necessary. Call for assistance on disposal.

Waste Disposal

Waste must be disposed of in accordance with federal, state and local environmental control regulations.

Precautions

Keep locked up. Keep away from heat. Keep away from sources of ignition. Ground all equipment containing material. Do not ingest. Do not breathe gas/fumes/ vapor/spray. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. If ingested, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or the label. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Keep away from incompatibles such as oxidizing agents.

Storage

Store in a segregated and approved area. Keep container in a cool, well-ventilated area. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).

TDG Classification

3

PIN

1263 Paint

PG: II

Special Provisions for Transport

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Federal and State Regulations

WARNING: This product contains chemical/chemicals known to the state of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm.: Benzene; Benzene, methyl-; Formaldehyde

WARNING: This product contains chemical/chemicals known to the state of California to cause reproductive harm (male).: Benzene

WARNING: This product contains chemical/chemicals known to the state of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.: Benzene; Benzene, methyl-

WARNING: This product contains chemical/chemicals known to the state of California to

cause cancer.: Benzene; Formaldehyde
 New York release reporting list: Methanol; Acetic Acid, Ethyl Ester
 Rhode Island RTK hazardous substances: Methanol; Acetic Acid, Ethyl Ester
 Pennsylvania RTK: Methanol: (environmental hazard); 2-Propanol, 1-methoxy-; Ethanol, 2-propoxy-; C.I. Solvent Black 29; Benzene, methyl-; Isopropyl alcohol; Ethanol; Acetic Acid, Ethyl Ester; Benzene, dimethyl-
 Florida: Methanol; Acetic Acid, Ethyl Ester
 Minnesota: Methanol; Ethanol; Acetic Acid, Ethyl Ester
 Massachusetts RTK: Methanol; 2-Propanol, 1-methoxy-; Isopropyl alcohol; Ethanol; Acetic Acid, Ethyl Ester
 New Jersey: Methanol; 2-Propanol, 1-methoxy-; Ethanol, 2-propoxy-; C.I. Solvent Black 29; Benzene, methyl-; Isopropyl alcohol; Ethanol; Acetic Acid, Ethyl Ester
 TSCA 8(b) inventory: Benzene, methyl-; Isopropyl alcohol; Ethanol; Acetic Acid, Ethyl Ester; Benzene, dimethyl-
 TSCA 5(e) substance consent order: Acetic Acid, Ethyl Ester
 TSCA 12(b) annual export notification: Acetic Acid, Ethyl Ester
 SARA 302/304/311/312 hazardous chemicals: Methanol
 SARA 311/312 MSDS distribution - chemical inventory - hazard identification: Methyl Ethyl Ketone: Fire hazard, Immediate (acute) health hazard; Benzene, methyl-: Fire hazard, Immediate (acute) health hazard, Delayed (chronic) health hazard; 2-Propanol: Fire hazard, Delayed (chronic) health hazard; Isobutyl alcohol: Fire hazard, Delayed (chronic) health hazard
 CERCLA: Hazardous substances.: Methanol; Methyl Ethyl Ketone; Benzene, methyl-: 1000 lbs. (453.6 kg); Acetic Acid, Ethyl Ester; Acetone; 2-Pentanone, 4-methyl-; Benzene, dimethyl- : 100 lbs. (45.36 kg); Isobutyl alcohol;

Other Regulations OSHA: Hazardous by definition of Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

OSHA: Standard for Occupational Exposure to Formaldehyde 29CFR 1910.1048 must be consulted before initial use of product.

Other Classifications

WHMIS (Canada)	Class B-2: Flammable liquid Class D-1A: Material causing immediate and serious toxic effects (Very toxic). Class D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (Very toxic). Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (Toxic).
HCS (U.S.A.)	Contains material which may cause cancer Target organ effects

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)	Health Hazard	* 1
	Fire Hazard	3
	Reactivity	0
	Personal Protection	G

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)	Health	1
	Fire Hazard	3
	Reactivity	0
	Specific Hazard	

Section 8. First Aid Measures

Eye Contact Check for and remove any contact lenses. In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention.

Skin Contact Wash with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops.

Hazardous Skin Contact Wash with a disinfectant soap and cover the contaminated skin with an anti-bacterial cream. Seek medical attention.

Inhalation

If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention if symptoms appear.

Hazardous Inhalation Move the victim to a safe area as soon as possible. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen. If the victim is not breathing, perform mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Seek medical attention.

Ingestion Do not induce vomiting. Examine the lips and mouth to ascertain if the tissues are damaged, a possible indication that toxic material was ingested. The absence of such signs, however, is not conclusive. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. If the victim is not breathing, perform mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Seek immediate medical attention.

Hazardous Ingestion Not available.

Section 9. Preparation Information

References -Manufacturers Material Safety Data Sheets.

Other Special Considerations Not available.

Related Information This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the CPR, and the MSDS contains all the information required by CPR.

Preparation Information Validated by A. Davis on 11/13/2006.

Verified by A. Davis.

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