

Material Safety Data Sheet

Section 1. Product Identification and Use

Product Name - Trade Name **488-850 PLASTOFIX SUPER LIGHT 50**

Supplier - Manufacturer **Chemcraft International Inc.,**

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Canada L1A 3Z3

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For Transport Emergency or After Hours

CANUTEC (613) 996-6666

Code 488-850
Synonym PLASTOFIX SUPER LIGHT 50
Chemical Name Not applicable.
Chemical Family Synthetic polymer in organic solvent. (Polymer.)
Chemical Formula Not applicable.
Material Uses Coatings: Surface coatings and finishes.
Product Identification Number (PIN) 1263 PAINT

Section 2. Hazardous Ingredients

Exposure Limits

Name	CAS #	% by Weight	LC ₅₀ /LD ₅₀	TLV/PEL
Isobutyl acetate	110-19-0	10-30	ORAL (LD50): Acute: 4763 mg/kg [Rabbit]. 3200 mg/kg [Rat].	TWA: 150 (ppb)
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	1-5	ORAL (LD50): Acute: 3500 mg/kg [Rat]. DERMAL (LD50): Acute: 5000 mg/kg [Rabbit].	TWA: 100 CEIL: 125 (ppb) TWA: 435 CEIL: 545 (ppm)
Xylenes	1330-20-7	10-30	ORAL (LD50): Acute: 4300 mg/kg [Rat]. DERMAL (LD50): Acute: >1700 mg/kg [Rabbit].	TWA: 100 STEL: 150 (ppm) from OSHA (PEL) [Canada] TWA: 100 STEL: 150 (ppm) from ACGIH (TLV) [United States] [1999] TWA: 100 STEL: 150 (ppm) from NIOSH [United States] TWA: 100 STEL: 150 (ppm) from OSHA (PEL) [United States]
1-Butanol	71-36-3	10-30	ORAL (LD50): Acute: 2510 mg/kg [Rat]. 790 mg/kg [Rat]. DERMAL (LD50): Acute: 5300 mg/kg [Rabbit]. 3400 mg/kg [Rabbit].	TWA: 50 CEIL: 50 (ppb)
Formaldehyde	50-00-0	0.1-1	ORAL (LD50): Acute: 100 mg/kg [Rat]. DERMAL (LD50): Acute: 270 mg/kg [Rabbit].	STEL: 2 (ppm) from OSHA (PEL) [United States] TWA: 0.75 (ppm) from OSHA (PEL) [United States] [1995]
Potential additional emission of formaldehyde	50-00-0*	1-5	ORAL (LD50): Acute: 100 mg/kg [Rat]. DERMAL (LD50): Acute: 270 mg/kg [Rabbit].	TWA: 1 STEL: 2 CEIL: 0.3 (ppm) from ACGIH (TLV) [United States] [1989]

Trace impurities and additional material names not listed above may appear in other sections of this MSDS. These materials may be listed for toxicological concerns, local compliance, or other reasons.

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Corrosivity	Not considered to be corrosive for metals and glass.
Special Remarks on Reactivity	Incompatible with hydrogen fluoride. (Silica gel, pptd., cryst.-free)
Special Remarks on Corrosivity	Not available.

Section 6. Toxicological Properties

Routes of Entry	Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.
Toxicity to Animals	Acute oral toxicity (LD50): 100 mg/kg [Rat]. (Potential additional emission of formaldehyde). Acute dermal toxicity (LD50): 270 mg/kg [Rabbit]. (Potential additional emission of formaldehyde).
Effects of Acute Exposure	Very hazardous in case of skin contact (irritant), of eye contact (irritant). Hazardous in case of skin contact (sensitizer), of ingestion, of inhalation. Slightly hazardous in case of skin contact (permeator). Non-corrosive for skin. Severe over-exposure can result in death. Inflammation of the eye is characterized by redness, watering, and itching. Skin inflammation is characterized by itching, scaling, reddening, or, occasionally, blistering.
Chronic Effects on Humans	CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS: Classified A5 (Not suspected for human.) by ACGIH, 4 (Probably not for human.) by IARC, 4 (No evidence.) by NTP, None. by OSHA [1-Butanol]. Classified A2 (Suspected for human.) by ACGIH, 2A (Probable for human.) by IARC, 2 (Some evidence.) by NTP [Formaldehyde]. Classified A2 (Suspected for human.) by ACGIH, 2A (Probable for human.) by IARC, 2 (Some evidence.) by NTP [Potential additional emission of formaldehyde]. Classified 4 (Probably not for human.) by IARC, 4 (No evidence.) by NTP [Silica gel, pptd., cryst.-free]. MUTAGENIC EFFECTS: Not available. TERATOGENIC EFFECTS: Not available. DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY: Classified Reproductive system/toxin/female, Reproductive system/toxin/male [PROVEN] [Formaldehyde]. Classified Reproductive system/toxin/female, Reproductive system/toxin/male [PROVEN] [Potential additional emission of formaldehyde]. The substance is toxic to kidneys, the nervous system, the reproductive system, liver. Repeated or prolonged exposure to the substance can produce target organs damage. Repeated exposure to an highly toxic material may produce general deterioration of health by an accumulation in one or many human organs.
Special Remarks on Toxicity to Animals	Formaldehyde has caused cancer in test animals at high concentrations (5-15 ppm). (Formaldehyde)
Special Remarks on Chronic Effects on Humans	Prolonged or repeated contact with skin can cause defatting and drying of the skin resulting in skin irritation and dermatitis. Prolonged exposure to high vapour concentration can cause headache, dizziness, nausea and central nervous system depression. High level exposure to Xylene in laboratory animals, often at levels which are toxic to the mother, have affected the development of the fetus. The relevance of this to humans is not known. (Benzene, dimethyl-)
Special Remarks on Other Toxic Effects on Humans	Material is irritating to mucous membranes and upper respiratory tract. Small amounts of liquid aspirated into the respiratory system during ingestion or from vomiting may cause mild to severe pulmonary injury and possibly death. (Benzene, dimethyl-)
Exposure Limits	Acetic acid, 2-methylpropyl ester TWA: 150 (ppb) Benzene, ethyl- TWA: 100 CEIL: 125 (ppb) TWA: 435 CEIL: 545 (ppm) Benzene, dimethyl- TWA: 100 STEL: 150 (ppm) from OSHA (PEL) [Canada] TWA: 100 STEL: 150 (ppm) from ACGIH (TLV) [United States] [1999] TWA: 100 STEL: 150 (ppm) from NIOSH [United States] TWA: 100 STEL: 150 (ppm) from OSHA (PEL) [United States] 1-Butanol TWA: 50 CEIL: 50 (ppb) Formaldehyde STEL: 2 (ppm) from OSHA (PEL) [United States] TWA: 0.75 (ppm) from OSHA (PEL) [United States] [1995] Potential additional emission of formaldehyde TWA: 1 STEL: 2 CEIL: 0.3 (ppm) from ACGIH (TLV) [United States] [1989] 2-Butanol TWA: 150 (ppb) TWA: 450 (ppm) Silica gel, pptd., cryst.-free TWA: 10 (ppm)

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

Section 7. Preventive Measures

Personal Protection	Splash goggles. Lab coat. Vapor respirator. Be sure to use an approved/certified respirator or equivalent. Gloves.	
Personal Protection in Case of a Large Spill	Splash goggles. Full suit. Vapor respirator. Boots. Gloves. A self-contained breathing apparatus should be used to avoid inhalation of the product. Suggested protective clothing might not be sufficient; consult a specialist BEFORE handling this product.	
Engineering Controls	Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapors below their respective threshold limit value. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are proximal to the work-station location.	
Small Spill	Absorb with an inert material and put the spilled material in an appropriate waste disposal.	
Large Spill	Toxic flammable liquid, insoluble or very slightly soluble in water. Poisonous liquid. Keep away from heat. Keep away from sources of ignition. Stop leak if without risk. Absorb with DRY earth, sand or other non-combustible material. Do not get water inside container. Do not touch spilled material. Use water spray to reduce vapors. Prevent entry into sewers, basements or confined areas; dike if needed. Call for assistance on disposal. Be careful that the product is not present at a concentration level above TLV. Check TLV on the MSDS and with local authorities.	
Waste Disposal	Waste must be disposed of in accordance with federal, state and local environmental control regulations.	
Precautions	Keep locked up. Keep away from heat. Keep away from sources of ignition. Ground all equipment containing material. Do not ingest. Do not breathe gas/fumes/vapor/spray. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. If ingested, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or the label. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Keep away from incompatibles such as oxidizing agents.	
Storage	Store in a segregated and approved area. Keep container in a cool, well-ventilated area. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).	
TDG Classification	Class 3: Flammable liquid.	
PIN	1263 PAINT	PG: II
Special Provisions for Transport	Not available.	
Federal and State Regulations	<p>California prop. 65: This product contains the following ingredients for which the State of California has found to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm, which would require a warning under the statute: Benzene, ethyl-; Benzene, dimethyl-; Formaldehyde; Xylenes - mixed isomers</p> <p>California prop. 65: This product contains the following ingredients for which the State of California has found to cause cancer which would require a warning under the statute: Formaldehyde</p> <p>Pennsylvania RTK: Isobutyl Acetate</p> <p>Massachusetts RTK: Isobutyl Acetate</p> <p>New Jersey: Isobutyl Acetate</p> <p>TSCA 8(b) inventory: Isobutyl Acetate; Benzene, ethyl-; Benzene, dimethyl-; N-Butyl Alcohol; Formaldehyde; Xylenes - mixed isomers</p> <p>SARA 302/304/311/312 extremely hazardous substances: N-Butyl Alcohol; Formaldehyde</p> <p>SARA 311/312 MSDS distribution - chemical inventory - hazard identification: Benzene, ethyl-: fire, immediate health hazard; Benzene, dimethyl-: fire, immediate health hazard; Isobutyl alcohol: fire, delayed health hazard; Xylenes - mixed isomers: fire, immediate health hazard</p> <p>SARA 313 toxic chemical notification and release reporting: Benzene, ethyl- 0.2296%; Benzene, dimethyl- 15.5554%; N-Butyl Alcohol 12.5115%; Formaldehyde 0.20118%; 2-Butanol 0.45975%; Xylenes - mixed isomers 14.35%</p> <p>CERCLA: Hazardous substances.: Isobutyl Acetate; Benzene, dimethyl-; N-Butyl Alcohol; Isobutyl alcohol; Xylenes - mixed isomers;</p>	
Other Regulations	OSHA: Hazardous by definition of Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).	
Other Classifications	WHMIS (Canada)	<p>CLASS B-2: Flammable liquid with a flash point lower than 37.8°C (100°F).</p> <p>CLASS D-1B: Material causing immediate and serious toxic effects (TOXIC).</p> <p>CLASS D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (VERY TOXIC).</p> <p>CLASS D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (TOXIC).</p>
	HCS (U.S.A.)	<p>Class: Contains material which may cause cancer.</p> <p>Class: Flammable liquid having a flash point lower than 37.8°C (100°F).</p> <p>Class: Toxic.</p> <p>Class: Irritating substance.</p> <p>Class: Target organ effects.</p> <p>Class: Reproductive toxins.</p>

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)	Health Hazard	* 3
	Fire Hazard	3
	Reactivity	0
	Personal Protection	h
National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)	Health	3
	Fire Hazard	3
	Reactivity	0
	Specific Hazard	

Section 8. First Aid Measures

Eye Contact	Check for and remove any contact lenses. In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention immediately.
Skin Contact	In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Cover the irritated skin with an emollient. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse. Get medical attention immediately.
Hazardous Skin Contact	Wash with a disinfectant soap and cover the contaminated skin with an anti-bacterial cream. Seek immediate medical attention.
Inhalation	If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention.
Hazardous Inhalation	Evacuate the victim to a safe area as soon as possible. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen. If the victim is not breathing, perform mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. WARNING: It may be hazardous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation when the inhaled material is toxic, infectious or corrosive. Seek medical attention.
Ingestion	Do not induce vomiting. Examine the lips and mouth to ascertain whether the tissues are damaged, a possible indication that the toxic material was ingested; the absence of such signs, however, is not conclusive. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. If the victim is not breathing, perform mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Seek immediate medical attention.
Hazardous Ingestion	Not available.

Section 9. Preparation Information

References	-Manufacturers Material Safety Data Sheets.
Other Special Considerations	Not available.
Related Information	This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the CPR, and the MSDS contains all the information required by CPR.
Preparation Information	Validated by A McLeod on 1/5/2001. Verified by A McLeod. Printed 2/24/2004.
Information Contact	Prepared by the Health, Safety and Environment Department, Chemcraft International Inc., P.O. Box 458, 155, Rose Glen Road North, Port Hope, ON. Canada. Phone: 905 885-6388 Fax: 905 885-5097

Notice to Reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above named supplier nor any of its subsidiaries assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.