

Material Safety Data Sheet

Section 1. Product Identification and Use

Product Name - Trade Name **212-307 ABS CLEAR 20***

Supplier - Manufacturer **Chemcraft International Inc.,**
155 Rose Glen Road North
P.O. Box 458
Port Hope, ON.
Canada L1A 3Z3
Telephone (905) 885-6388 Fax (905) 885-5097
In case of Emergency (905) 885-6388, (800) 263-7951

For Transport Emergency or After Hours

CANUTEC (613) 996-6666

Code 212-307
Synonym ABS CLEAR 20*
Chemical Name Not applicable.
Chemical Family Synthetic polymer in organic solvent. (Paint.)
Chemical Formula Not applicable.
Material Uses Coatings: Surface coatings and finishes.
Product Identification Number (PIN) 1263 PAINT

Section 2. Hazardous Ingredients

Exposure limits

Name	CAS #	% by Weight	LC ₅₀ /LD ₅₀	TLV/PEL
Toluene	108-88-3	15 - 30	ORAL (LD50): Acute: 2600 mg/kg [Rat]. DERMAL (LD50): Acute: 12210 mg/kg [Rabbit].	ACGIH (United States, 1993). TWA: 50 ppm TWA: 188 mg/m ³ TWA: 200 ppm 8 hour/hours.
Methyl ethyl ketone	78-93-3	15 - 30	ORAL (LD50): Acute: 3000 mg/kg [Mouse]. 2737 mg/kg [Rat]. DERMAL (LD50): Acute: 6480 mg/kg [Rabbit].	STEL: 300 ppm 15 minute/minutes. CEIL: 300 ppm
Isopropanol	67-63-0	5 - 15	ORAL (LD50): Acute: 5045 mg/kg [Rat]. 4797 mg/kg [Dog] . 3600 mg/kg [Mouse]. DERMAL (LD50): Acute: 12800 mg/kg [Rabbit].	ACGIH (United States, 1994). TWA: 400 ppm STEL: 500 ppm TWA: 983 mg/m ³ STEL: 1230 mg/m ³
Acetone	67-64-1	5 - 15	ORAL (LD50): Acute: 5800 mg/kg [Rat]. 3000 mg/kg [Mouse]. DERMAL (LD50): Acute: 20000 mg/kg [Rabbit].	ACGIH (United States, 1997). TWA: 500 ppm STEL: 750 ppm TWA: 1188 mg/m ³ STEL: 1782 mg/m ³
Diacetone alcohol	123-42-2	1 - 5	ORAL (LD50): Acute: 4000 mg/kg [Rat]. 3959 mg/kg [Mouse]. DERMAL (LD50): Acute: 13600 mg/kg [Rabbit].	TWA: 50 ppm CEIL: 75 ppm ACGIH (United States). TWA: 240 mg/m ³ CEIL: 360 mg/m ³
Xylenes	1330-20-7	1 - 5	ORAL (LD50): Acute: 4300 mg/kg [Rat].	ACGIH (United States, 1992). TWA: 100 ppm STEL: 150 ppm

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Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0.1 - 1	ORAL (LD50): Acute: 3500 mg/kg [Rat]. DERMAL (LD50): Acute: 5000 mg/kg [Rabbit].	TWA: 434 mg/m ³ STEL: 651 mg/m ³ ACGIH (United States). TWA: 100 ppm STEL: 125 ppm NIOSH STEL: 125 ppm
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Trace impurities and additional material names not listed above may appear in other sections of this MSDS. These materials may be listed for toxicological concerns, local compliance, or other reasons.

Section 3. Physical Data

Physical State and Appearance	Liquid.
Color	Colorless to light yellow. Odor Strong. Taste Not available.
Molecular Weight	Not applicable.
pH (1% soln/water)	Not applicable.
Boiling Point	The lowest known value is 56.2°C (133.2°F) (2-Propanone). Weighted average: 97.76°C (208°F)
Melting Point	May start to solidify at -42.8°C (-45°F) based on data for: 2-Pentanone, 4-hydroxy-4-methyl-. Weighted average: -86.36°C (-123.4°F)
Critical Temperature	Not available.
Specific Gravity	Weighted average: 0.91 (Water = 1)
Vapor Pressure	The highest known value is 24.1 kPa (181 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (2-Propanone). Weighted average: 8.5 kPa (63.76 mm Hg) (at 20°C)
Vapor Density	The highest known value is 4.01 (Air = 1) (2-Pentanone, 4-hydroxy-4-methyl-). Weighted average: 2.54 (Air = 1)
Volatility	Not available.
Odor Threshold	The lowest known value is 0.25 ppm (2-Butanone) Weighted average: 7.39 ppm
Water/Oil Dist. Coeff.	The product is much more soluble in octanol.
Ionicity (in Water)	Not available.
Dispersion Properties	Not dispersible in cold water, hot water. See solubility in methanol, diethyl ether, n-octanol, acetone.
Solubility	Easily soluble in methanol, diethyl ether, acetone. Soluble in n-octanol. Insoluble in cold water, hot water.

Section 4. Fire and Explosion Hazard

The Product is:	Flammable.
Fire Hazards in Presence of Various Substances	Highly flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge and heat. Non-flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: oxidizing materials, reducing materials, combustible materials and moisture.
Fire Fighting Media and Instructions	SMALL FIRE: Use dry chemical powder. LARGE FIRE: Use water spray or fog. Cool containers with water jet in order to prevent pressure build-up, auto-ignition or explosion.
Special Remarks on Fire Hazards	Vapor may travel considerable distance to source of ignition and flash back. (Benzene, methyl-)
Flash Points	The lowest known value is Closed cup: -18°C (-0.4°F). (T.C.C.). (2-Propanone)
Flammable Limits	The greatest known range is Lower: 2.6% Upper: 12.8% (2-Propanone)
Auto-Ignition Temperature	The lowest known value is 432°C (809.6°F) (2-Propanol).
Products of Combustion	These products are carbon oxides (CO, CO ₂).
Explosion Hazards in Presence of Various Substances	Highly explosive in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge.

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Special Remarks on Explosion Hazards Not available.

Section 5. Reactivity Data

Stability The product is stable.

Decomposition products Not available.

Conditions of Instability Not available.

Incompatibility with various substances Highly reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials.
Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: reducing materials, organic materials, metals and alkalis.
Slightly reactive or incompatible with the following materials: acids.
Non-reactive or compatible with the following materials: combustible materials and moisture.

Corrosivity Not available.

Special Remarks on Reactivity Incompatible with hydrogen fluoride. (Silica gel, pptd., cryst.-free)

Special Remarks on Corrosivity Not available.

Section 6. Toxicological Properties

Routes of Entry Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.

Toxicity to Animals Acute oral toxicity (LD50): 2600 mg/kg [Rat]. (Benzene, methyl-).
Acute dermal toxicity (LD50): 6480 mg/kg [Rabbit]. (2-Butanone).
Acute toxicity of the gas (LC50): 23500 mg/m³ 8 hour/hours [Rat]. (2-Butanone).
Acute toxicity of the vapor (LC50): 32000 mg/m³ 4 hour/hours [Mouse]. (2-Butanone).

Effects of Acute Exposure Very hazardous in case of ingestion. Hazardous in case of skin contact (permeator), of inhalation.

Chronic Effects on Humans **CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS:** Classified A5 (Not suspected for humans.) by ACGIH, 4 (Probably not for humans.) by IARC, None. by OSHA [2-Butanone]. Classified A5 (Not suspected for humans.) by ACGIH, 4 (Probably not for humans.) by IARC, None. by OSHA [2-Propanone]. Classified D (Not classifiable for humans or animals.) by EPA [2-Propanone]. Classified 4 (Probably not for humans.) by IARC [Silica gel, pptd., cryst.-free].
MUTAGENIC EFFECTS: Not available.
TERATOGENIC EFFECTS: Classified None. for humans [2-Propanone].
DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY: Not available.
The substance is toxic to blood, kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, liver.
Repeated or prolonged exposure to the substance can produce target organs damage.

Special Remarks on Toxicity to Animals Not available.

Special Remarks on Chronic Effects on Humans Inhalation of vapors may cause dizziness, an irregular heartbeat, narcosis, nausea or asphyxiation. (Benzene, methyl-)

Special Remarks on Other Exposure can cause lung irritation, chest pain and oedema which may be fatal. (Benzene, methyl-)

Toxic Effects on Humans

Exposure Limits Not available.

Section 7. Preventive Measures

Personal Protection Safety glasses. Lab coat. Vapor respirator. Be sure to use an approved/certified respirator or equivalent. Impervious gloves.

Personal Protection in Case of a Large Spill Splash goggles. Full suit. Vapor respirator. Boots. Gloves. Self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) should be used to avoid inhalation of the product. Suggested protective clothing might not be adequate. Consult a specialist before handling this product.

Engineering Controls Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapors below their respective occupational exposure limits. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

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Small Spill	Absorb with an inert material and transfer the spilled material and absorbent to an appropriate waste disposal container.	
Large Spill	Keep away from heat. Keep away from sources of ignition. Stop leak if without risk. Absorb with dry earth, sand or other non-combustible material. Do not allow water to enter container. Do not touch spilled material. Prevent entry into sewers, basements or confined areas. Dike if necessary. Call for assistance on disposal.	
Waste Disposal	Waste must be disposed of in accordance with federal, state and local environmental control regulations.	
Precautions	Keep away from heat. Keep away from sources of ignition. Ground all equipment containing material. Do not ingest. Do not breathe gas/fumes/ vapor/spray. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. If ingested, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or the label. Avoid contact with skin and eyes.	
Storage	Store in a segregated and approved area. Keep container in a cool, well-ventilated area. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).	
TDG Classification	3	
PIN	1263 PAINT	PG: II
Special Provisions for Transport	-	
Federal and State Regulations	<p>WARNING: This product contains chemical/chemicals known to the state of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm.: Benzene, methyl-</p> <p>WARNING: This product contains chemical/chemicals known to the state of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.: Benzene, methyl-</p> <p>Illinois toxic substances disclosure to employee act: Benzene, ethyl-</p> <p>New York acutely hazardous substances: Benzene, ethyl-</p> <p>Rhode Island RTK hazardous substances: Benzene, ethyl-</p> <p>Pennsylvania RTK: Benzene, methyl-; Isopropyl alcohol; Benzene, ethyl-; Benzene, dimethyl-</p> <p>Florida: Benzene, ethyl-</p> <p>Minnesota: Benzene, ethyl-</p> <p>Massachusetts RTK: Isopropyl alcohol; Benzene, ethyl-</p> <p>New Jersey: Benzene, methyl-; Isopropyl alcohol; Benzene, ethyl-</p> <p>TSCA 8(b) inventory: Benzene, methyl-; Isopropyl alcohol; Benzene, ethyl-; Benzene, dimethyl-</p> <p>TSCA 8(d) H and S data reporting: Benzene, ethyl-</p> <p>SARA 311/312 MSDS distribution - chemical inventory - hazard identification: S151400</p> <p>METHYL ETHYL KETONE: Fire hazard, Immediate (acute) health hazard; Benzene, methyl-: Fire hazard, Immediate (acute) health hazard, Delayed (chronic) health hazard; 2-Propanol: Fire hazard, Delayed (chronic) health hazard; Benzene, dimethyl-: Fire hazard, Immediate (acute) health hazard, Delayed (chronic) health hazard</p> <p>CERCLA: Hazardous substances.: 2-Propanone: 5000 lbs. (2268 kg); S151400 METHYL ETHYL KETONE; Benzene, methyl-: 1000 lbs. (453.6 kg); Benzene, ethyl-: 1000 lbs. (453.6 kg); Benzene, dimethyl-: 100 lbs. (45.36 kg);</p>	
Other Regulations	OSHA: Hazardous by definition of Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).	
Other Classifications	WHMIS (Canada)	<p>Class B-2: Flammable liquid</p> <p>Class D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (Very toxic).</p> <p>Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (Toxic).</p>
	HCS (U.S.A.)	Target organ effects
Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)	Health Hazard	* 1
	Fire Hazard	3
	Reactivity	0
	Personal Protection	G
National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)	Health	1
	Fire Hazard	3
	Reactivity	0
	Specific Hazard	

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Section 8. First Aid Measures

Eye Contact	Check for and remove any contact lenses. In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention.
Skin Contact	Wash with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops.
Hazardous Skin Contact	Wash with a disinfectant soap and cover the contaminated skin with an anti-bacterial cream. Seek medical attention.
Inhalation	If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention if symptoms appear.
Hazardous Inhalation	Move the victim to a safe area as soon as possible. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen. If the victim is not breathing, perform mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Seek medical attention.
Ingestion	Do not induce vomiting. Examine the lips and mouth to ascertain if the tissues are damaged, a possible indication that toxic material was ingested. The absence of such signs, however, is not conclusive. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. If the victim is not breathing, perform mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Seek immediate medical attention.
Hazardous Ingestion	Not available.

Section 9. Preparation Information

References	-Manufacturers Material Safety Data Sheets.
Other Special Considerations	Not available.
Related Information	This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the CPR, and the MSDS contains all the information required by CPR.
Preparation Information	Validated by K. William on 7/17/2006. Verified by K. William. Printed 9/19/2006.
Information Contact	Prepared by the Health, Safety and Environment Department, Chemcraft International Inc., P.O. Box 458, 155, Rose Glen Road North, Port Hope, ON. Canada. Phone: 905 885-6388 Fax: 905 885-5097

Notice to Reader

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