

Material Safety Data Sheet

Section 1. Product Identification and Use

Product Name - Trade Name **194-593 STAIN TINTER VIOLET**

Supplier - Manufacturer **Chemcraft® International Inc.**

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Canada L1A 3Z3

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Code 194-593

Synonym STAIN TINTER VIOLET

Chemical Name Not applicable.

Chemical Family Synthetic polymer in organic solvent. (Paint.)

Chemical Formula Not applicable.

Material Uses Coatings: Surface coatings and finishes.

Product Identification Number (PIN) 1263 PAINT

Section 2. Hazardous Ingredients

Exposure limits

Name	CAS #	% by Weight	LC ₅₀ /LD ₅₀	TLV/PEL
Mineral spirits	8052-41-3	15 - 30	ORAL (LD50): Acute: 5000 mg/kg [Rat]. DERMAL (LD50): Acute: 3160 mg/kg [Rabbit].	TWA: 100 ppm CEIL: 125 ppm ACGIH (United States). TWA: 525 mg/m ³ CEIL: 720 mg/m ³ TWA: 400 ppm
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph.	64742-89-8	1 - 5	Not available.	
Isobutyl alcohol	78-83-1	1 - 5	ORAL (LD50): Acute: 2500 mg/kg [Rat.]. 3200 mg/kg [Mouse]. DERMAL (LD50): Acute: 4200 mg/kg [Rabbit].	ACGIH (United States, 1993). TWA: 50 ppm
1-Butanol	71-36-3	1 - 5	ORAL (LD50): Acute: 2510 mg/kg [Rat.]. 790 mg/kg [Rat]. DERMAL (LD50): Acute: 5300 mg/kg [Rabbit.]. 3400 mg/kg [Rabbit.]. VAPOR (LC50): Acute: 8000 mg/l 4 hour/hours [Rat.].	TWA: 50 ppm CEIL: 50 ppm
Isobutyl acetate	110-19-0	1 - 5	ORAL (LD50): Acute: 4763 mg/kg [Rabbit.]. 3200 mg/kg [Rat.].	TWA: 150 ppm
Xylenes	1330-20-7	1 - 5	ORAL (LD50): Acute: 4300 mg/kg [Rat.].	ACGIH (United States, 1992). TWA: 100 ppm STEL: 150 ppm TWA: 434 mg/m ³ STEL: 651 mg/m ³
Toluene	108-88-3	1 - 5	ORAL (LD50): Acute: 2600 mg/kg [Rat.]. DERMAL	ACGIH (United States, 1993).

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n-Butyl acetate	123-86-4	0.1 - 1	(LD50): Acute: 12210 mg/kg [Rabbit]. ORAL (LD50): Acute: 14130 mg/kg [Rat]. 7100 mg/kg [Mouse]. DERMAL (LD50): Acute: 5000 mg/kg [Rabbit]. 8770 mg/kg [Guinea pig].	TWA: 50 ppm TWA: 188 mg/m ³ OSHA (United States). TWA: 150 ppm STEL: 200 ppm ACGIH (United States, 2000). TWA: 150 ppm STEL: 200 ppm NIOSH TWA: 150 ppm STEL: 200 ppm
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Trace impurities and additional material names not listed above may appear in other sections of this MSDS. These materials may be listed for toxicological concerns, local compliance, or other reasons.

Section 3. Physical Data

Physical State and Appearance	Liquid.
Color	Not available. Odor Not available. Taste Not available.
Molecular Weight	Not applicable.
pH (1% soln/water)	Not applicable.
Boiling Point	The lowest known value is 107.9°C (226.2°F) (1-Propanol, 2-methyl-). Weighted average: 138.09°C (280.6°F)
Melting Point	May start to solidify at -77.9°C (-108.2°F) based on data for: Acetic Acid, Butyl Ester. Weighted average: -98.53°C (-145.4°F)
Critical Temperature	Not available.
Specific Gravity	Weighted average: 0.93 (Water = 1)
Vapor Pressure	The highest known value is >4 kPa (>30 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph.). Weighted average: 1.08 kPa (8.1 mm Hg) (at 20°C)
Vapor Density	The highest known value is 4.8 (Air = 1) (Stoddard solvent). Weighted average: 4.1 (Air = 1)
Volatility	Not available.
Odor Threshold	The lowest known value is 0.04 ppm (Acetic Acid, Butyl Ester) Weighted average: 0.86 ppm
Water/Oil Dist. Coeff.	The product is much more soluble in octanol.
Ionicity (in Water)	Not available.
Dispersion Properties	Not dispersible in cold water, hot water. See solubility in methanol, diethyl ether, n-octanol, acetone.
Solubility	Easily soluble in methanol, diethyl ether, n-octanol, acetone. Insoluble in cold water, hot water.

Section 4. Fire and Explosion Hazard

The Product is:	Flammable.
Fire Hazards in Presence of Various Substances	Highly flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge and heat. Flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: oxidizing materials and combustible materials. Slightly flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: reducing materials.
Fire Fighting Media and Instructions	SMALL FIRE: Use dry chemical powder. LARGE FIRE: Use water spray or fog. Cool containers with water jet in order to prevent pressure build-up, auto-ignition or explosion.
Special Remarks on Fire Hazards	Container explosion may occur under fire conditions or when heated. (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph.)
Flash Points	The lowest known value is Closed cup: 6°C (42.8°F). (Tagliabue.). Open cup: 9°C (48.2°F). (Tagliabue). (Benzene, methyl-)
Flammable Limits	The greatest known range is Lower: 1% Upper: 13.3% (Stoddard solvent)
Auto-Ignition Temperature	The lowest known value is 229°C (444.2°F) (Stoddard solvent).

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Products of Combustion	These products are carbon oxides (CO, CO ₂), sulfur oxides (SO ₂ , SO ₃ etc.). Some metallic oxides.
Explosion Hazards in Presence of Various Substances	Highly explosive in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge and heat.
Special Remarks on Explosion Hazards	Not available.

Section 5. Reactivity Data

Stability	The product is stable.
Decomposition products	Not available.
Conditions of Instability	Not available.
Incompatibility with various substances	Highly reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials. Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: reducing materials, organic materials, metals, acids and alkalis. Non-reactive or compatible with the following materials: combustible materials and moisture.
Corrosivity	Not available.
Special Remarks on Reactivity	Not available.
Special Remarks on Corrosivity	Not available.

Section 6. Toxicological Properties

Routes of Entry	Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.
Toxicity to Animals	Acute oral toxicity (LD50): 790 mg/kg [Rat]. (1-Butanol). Acute dermal toxicity (LD50): 3160 mg/kg [Rabbit]. (Stoddard solvent). Acute toxicity of the vapor (LC50): 8000 mg/l 4 hour/hours [Rat.]. (1-Butanol).
Effects of Acute Exposure	Hazardous in case of ingestion, of inhalation. Slightly hazardous in case of skin contact (permeator).
Chronic Effects on Humans	CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS: Classified A5 (Not suspected for humans.) by ACGIH, 4 (Probably not for humans.) by IARC, None. by OSHA [1-Butanol]. MUTAGENIC EFFECTS: Not available. TERATOGENIC EFFECTS: Not available. DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY: Not available. The substance is toxic to blood, the nervous system, liver. Repeated or prolonged exposure to the substance can produce target organs damage.
Special Remarks on Toxicity to Animals	Not available.
Special Remarks on Chronic Effects on Humans	0070 Passes through the placental barrier in human. (1-Propanol, 2-methyl-)
Special Remarks on Other Toxic Effects on Humans	Material is irritating to mucous membranes and upper respiratory tract. May cause allergic reactions, exzema and/or dehydration of the skin. (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph.)
Exposure Limits	Not available.

Section 7. Preventive Measures

Personal Protection	Safety glasses. Lab coat. Vapor respirator. Be sure to use an approved/certified respirator or equivalent. Impervious gloves.
Personal Protection in Case of a Large Spill	Splash goggles. Full suit. Vapor respirator. Boots. Gloves. Self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) should be used to avoid inhalation of the product. Suggested protective clothing might not be adequate. Consult a specialist before handling this product.

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Engineering Controls	Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapors below their respective occupational exposure limits. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.	
Small Spill	Absorb with an inert material and transfer the spilled material and absorbent to an appropriate waste disposal container.	
Large Spill	Keep away from heat. Keep away from sources of ignition. Stop leak if without risk. Absorb with dry earth, sand or other non-combustible material. Do not allow water to enter container. Do not touch spilled material. Prevent entry into sewers, basements or confined areas. Dike if necessary. Call for assistance on disposal.	
Waste Disposal	Waste must be disposed of in accordance with federal, state and local environmental control regulations.	
Precautions	Keep away from heat. Keep away from sources of ignition. Ground all equipment containing material. Do not ingest. Do not breathe gas/fumes/ vapor/spray. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. If ingested, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or the label. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Keep away from incompatibles such as oxidizing agents.	
Storage	Store in a segregated and approved area. Keep container in a cool, well-ventilated area. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).	
TDG Classification	3	
PIN	1263 PAINT	PG: -
Special Provisions for Transport	-	
Federal and State Regulations	<p>WARNING: This product contains chemical/chemicals known to the state of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm.: Benzene, methyl-</p> <p>WARNING: This product contains chemical/chemicals known to the state of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.: Benzene, methyl-</p> <p>New York release reporting list: Acetic Acid, Butyl Ester</p> <p>Pennsylvania RTK: Acetic acid, 2-methylpropyl ester; Benzene, dimethyl-; Benzene, methyl-; Acetic Acid, Butyl Ester</p> <p>Florida: Acetic Acid, Butyl Ester</p> <p>Minnesota: Acetic Acid, Butyl Ester</p> <p>Massachusetts RTK: Acetic acid, 2-methylpropyl ester; Acetic Acid, Butyl Ester</p> <p>New Jersey: Acetic acid, 2-methylpropyl ester; Benzene, methyl-; Acetic Acid, Butyl Ester</p> <p>TSCA 8(b) inventory: 1-Butanol; Acetic acid, 2-methylpropyl ester; Benzene, dimethyl-; Benzene, methyl-; Acetic Acid, Butyl Ester</p> <p>TSCA 5(e) substance consent order: Acetic Acid, Butyl Ester</p> <p>TSCA 12(b) annual export notification: Acetic Acid, Butyl Ester</p> <p>SARA 302/304/311/312 extremely hazardous substances: 1-Butanol</p> <p>SARA 311/312 MSDS distribution - chemical inventory - hazard identification: Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph.: Fire hazard, Immediate (acute) health hazard; 1-Propanol, 2-methyl-: Fire hazard, Delayed (chronic) health hazard; Benzene, dimethyl-: Fire hazard, Immediate (acute) health hazard, Delayed (chronic) health hazard; Benzene, methyl-: Fire hazard, Immediate (acute) health hazard, Delayed (chronic) health hazard; Acetic Acid, Butyl Ester</p> <p>CERCLA: Hazardous substances.: 1-Propanol, 2-methyl-; 1-Butanol; Acetic acid, 2-methylpropyl ester; Benzene, dimethyl-: 100 lbs. (45.36 kg); Benzene, methyl-: 1000 lbs. (453.6 kg); Acetic Acid, Butyl Ester;</p>	
Other Regulations	OSHA: Hazardous by definition of Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).	
Other Classifications	WHMIS (Canada)	Class B-2: Flammable liquid Class D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (Very toxic). Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (Toxic).
	HCS (U.S.A.)	Flammable liquid Target organ effects
Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)	Health Hazard	* 2
	Fire Hazard	3
	Reactivity	0
	Personal Protection	G

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National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)	Health	2
	Fire Hazard	3
	Reactivity	0
	Specific Hazard	

Section 8. First Aid Measures

Eye Contact	Check for and remove any contact lenses. In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention.
Skin Contact	Wash with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops.
Hazardous Skin Contact	Not available.
Inhalation	If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention if symptoms appear.
Hazardous Inhalation	Move the victim to a safe area as soon as possible. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen. If the victim is not breathing, perform mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Seek medical attention.
Ingestion	Do not induce vomiting. Examine the lips and mouth to ascertain if the tissues are damaged, a possible indication that toxic material was ingested. The absence of such signs, however, is not conclusive. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. If the victim is not breathing, perform mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Seek immediate medical attention.
Hazardous Ingestion	Not available.

Section 9. Preparation Information

References	-Manufacturers Material Safety Data Sheets.
Other Special Considerations	Not available.
Related Information	This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the CPR, and the MSDS contains all the information required by CPR.
Preparation Information	Validated by A. Davis on 12/21/2005. Verified by A. Davis. Printed 11/27/2007.
Information Contact	Prepared by the Health, Safety and Environment Department, Chemcraft International Inc., P.O. Box 458, 155, Rose Glen Road North, Port Hope, ON. Canada. Phone: 905 885-6388 Fax: 905 885-5097

Notice to Reader

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