

Material Safety Data Sheet

Section 1. Product Identification and Use

Product Name - Trade Name **000-LBR30 WHITE POLYURETHANE PRIMER**

Supplier - Manufacturer **Chemcraft International Inc.,**

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Code 000-LBR30
Synonym WHITE POLYURETHANE PRIMER
Chemical Name Not applicable.
Chemical Family Synthetic polymer in organic solvent. (Paint.)
Chemical Formula Not applicable.
Material Uses Coatings: Surface coatings and finishes.
Product Identification Number (PIN) 1263 PAINT

Section 2. Hazardous Ingredients

Name	CAS #	% by Weight	Exposure Limits	
			LC ₅₀ /LD ₅₀	TLV/PEL
Xylenes	1330-20-7	10-30	ORAL (LD50): Acute: 4300 mg/kg [Rat].	ACGIH (Canada, 1992). TWA: 100 ppm STEL: 150 ppm TWA: 434 mg/m ³ STEL: 651 mg/m ³
Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate	108-65-6	1-5	ORAL (LD50): Acute: 8532 mg/kg [Rat].	Not available.
Methyl ethyl ketone	78-93-3	1-5	ORAL (LD50): Acute: 3400 mg/kg [Rat]. DERMAL (LD50): Acute: 13000 mg/kg [Rabbit].	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hour(s). STEL: 300 ppm 15 minute(s). CEIL: 300 ppm

Trace impurities and additional material names not listed above may appear in other sections of this MSDS. These materials may be listed for toxicological concerns, local compliance, or other reasons.

Section 3. Physical Data

Physical State and Appearance Liquid.

Color Light. **Odor** Aromatic. (Strong.) **Taste** Not available.

Molecular Weight Not applicable.

pH (1% soln/water) Not applicable.

Boiling Point 78.5°C (173.3°F)

Melting Point May start to solidify at -85°C (-121°F) based on data for: 2-Butanone.

Critical Temperature Not available.

Specific Gravity 1.32 (Water = 1)

Vapor Pressure The highest known value is 10.3 kPa (77.5 mmHg) (at 20°C) (2-Butanone). Weighted average: 1.55 kPa (11.63 mmHg) (at 20°C)

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Vapor Density	The highest known value is 4.6 (Air = 1) (2-Propanol, 1-methoxy, acetate). Weighted average: 3.67 (Air = 1)
Volatility	Not available.
Odor Threshold	The lowest known value is 0.25 ppm (2-Butanone) Weighted average: 0.3 ppm
Water/Oil Dist. Coeff.	The product is much more soluble in octanol.
Ionicity (in Water)	Not available.
Dispersion Properties	Is not dispersed in cold water, hot water. See solubility in methanol, diethyl ether, n-octanol, acetone.
Solubility	Easily soluble in methanol, diethyl ether, n-octanol, acetone. Insoluble in cold water, hot water.

Section 4. Fire and Explosion Hazard

The Product is:	Flammable.
Fire Hazards in Presence of Various Substances	Flammable in presence of open flames, sparks and static discharge.
Fire Fighting Media and Instructions	SMALL FIRE: Use DRY chemical powder. LARGE FIRE: Use water spray or fog. Never direct a water jet in the container in order to prevent any splashing of the product which could cause spreading of the fire. Cool containing vessels with water jet in order to prevent pressure build-up, autoignition or explosion.
Special Remarks on Fire Hazards	Vapor may travel considerable distance to source of ignition and flash back. (Benzene, dimethyl-)
Flash Points	Closed cup: -4°C (24.8°F).
Flammable Limits	LOWER: 1.8% UPPER: 6.4%
Auto-Ignition Temperature	The lowest known value is 460°C (860°F) (2-Butanone).
Products of Combustion	These products are carbon oxides (CO, CO ₂).
Explosion Hazards in Presence of Various Substances	Risks of explosion of the product in presence of mechanical impact: Not available. Explosive in presence of open flames, sparks and static discharge.
Special Remarks on Explosion Hazards	Not available.

Section 5. Reactivity Data

Stability	The product is stable.
Decomposition products	Not available.
Conditions of Instability	Not available.
Incompatibility with various substances	Reactive with oxidizing agents. Slightly reactive to reactive with reducing agents, organic materials, metals, acids, alkalis.
Corrosivity	Not available.
Special Remarks on Reactivity	Not available.
Special Remarks on Corrosivity	Not available.

Section 6. Toxicological Properties

Routes of Entry	Absorbed through skin. Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.
Toxicity to Animals	Acute oral toxicity (LD50): >2000 mg/kg [Rat]. Acute dermal toxicity (LD50): 13000 mg/kg [Rabbit]. (2-Butanone). Acute toxicity of the gas (LC50): 2000 ppm 4 hour(s) [Rat]. (2-Butanone). Acute toxicity of the vapor (LC50): 4345 ppm 6 hour(s) [Rat]. (2-Propanol, 1-methoxy, acetate).
Effects of Acute Exposure	Hazardous in case of skin contact (irritant), of eye contact (irritant), of ingestion, of inhalation (lung irritant).

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Chronic Effects on Humans	<p>CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS: Classified A5 (Not suspected for human.) by ACGIH, 4 (Probably not for human.) by IARC, None. by OSHA [2-Butanone].</p> <p>MUTAGENIC EFFECTS: Not available.</p> <p>TERATOGENIC EFFECTS: Not available.</p> <p>DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY: Not available.</p> <p>The substance is toxic to the nervous system.</p> <p>Repeated or prolonged exposure to the substance can produce target organs damage.</p>
Special Remarks on Toxicity to Animals	Not available.
Special Remarks on Chronic Effects on Humans	<p>Prolonged or repeated contact with skin can cause defatting and drying of the skin resulting in skin irritation and dermatitis. Prolonged exposure to high vapour concentration can cause headache, dizziness, nausea and central nervous system depression.</p> <p>High level exposure to Xylene in laboratory animals, often at levels which are toxic to the mother, have affected the development of the fetus. The relevance of this to humans is not known. (Benzene, dimethyl-)</p>
Special Remarks on Other Toxic Effects on Humans	Material is irritating to mucous membranes and upper respiratory tract. Small amounts of liquid aspirated into the respiratory system during ingestion or from vomiting may cause mild to severe pulmonary injury and possibly death. (Benzene, dimethyl-)
Exposure Limits	Not available.

Section 7. Preventive Measures

Personal Protection	Splash goggles. Lab coat. Vapor respirator. Be sure to use an approved/certified respirator or equivalent. Chemical resistant gloves, such as Norfoil should be used when handling this product. Please consult a Glove Manufacturer for alternate choices.
Personal Protection in Case of a Large Spill	Splash goggles. Full suit. Vapor respirator. Boots. Chemical resistant gloves, such as Norfoil should be used when handling this product. Please consult a Glove Manufacturer for alternate choices. A self-contained breathing apparatus should be used to avoid inhalation of the product. Suggested protective clothing might not be sufficient; consult a specialist BEFORE handling this product.
Engineering Controls	Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapors below their respective occupational exposure limits. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are proximal to the work-station location.
Small Spill	Absorb with an inert material and put the spilled material in an appropriate waste disposal.
Large Spill	Keep away from heat. Keep away from sources of ignition. Stop leak if without risk. Absorb with DRY earth, sand or other non-combustible material. Do not get water inside container. Do not touch spilled material. Prevent entry into sewers, basements or confined areas; dike if needed. Call for assistance on disposal.
Waste Disposal	Waste must be disposed of in accordance with federal, state and local environmental control regulations.
Precautions	Keep away from heat. Keep away from sources of ignition. Ground all equipment containing material. Do not ingest. Do not breathe gas/fumes/ vapor/spray. Wear suitable protective clothing. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. If ingested, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or the label. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Keep away from incompatibles such as oxidizing agents.
Storage	Store in a segregated and approved area. Keep container in a cool, well-ventilated area. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).
TDG Classification	3
PIN	1263 PAINT PG: II
Special Provisions for Transport	
Federal and State Regulations	<p>California prop. 65: This product contains the following ingredients for which the State of California has found to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm, which would require a warning under the statute: Benzene, dimethyl-</p> <p>TSCA 8(b) inventory: Benzene, dimethyl-</p> <p>SARA 311/312 MSDS distribution - chemical inventory - hazard identification: Benzene, dimethyl-: Fire Hazard, Immediate (Acute) Health Hazard; 2-Butanone: Fire Hazard, Immediate (Acute) Health Hazard</p> <p>SARA 313 toxic chemical notification and release reporting: Benzene, dimethyl- 25%; 2-Butanone 2.5%</p> <p>CERCLA: Hazardous substances.: Benzene, dimethyl-; 2-Butanone;</p>
Other Regulations	OSHA: Hazardous by definition of Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Other Classifications	<p>WHMIS (Canada)</p> <p>Class B-2: Flammable liquid with a flash point lower than 37.8°C (100°F).</p> <p>Class D-1A: Material causing immediate and serious toxic effects (VERY TOXIC).</p> <p>Class D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (VERY TOXIC).</p> <p>Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (TOXIC).</p>

HCS (U.S.A.) Class: Flammable liquid having a flash point lower than 37.8°C (100°F).
Class: Target organ effects.

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)	Health Hazard	* 2
	Fire Hazard	3
	Reactivity	0
	Personal Protection	H
National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)	Health	2
	Fire Hazard	3
	Reactivity	0
	Specific Hazard	

Section 8. First Aid Measures

Eye Contact	Check for and remove any contact lenses. In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention.
Skin Contact	In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water. Cover the irritated skin with an emollient. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse. Get medical attention.
Hazardous Skin Contact	Wash with a disinfectant soap and cover the contaminated skin with an anti-bacterial cream. Seek immediate medical attention.
Inhalation	If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention.
Hazardous Inhalation	Evacuate the victim to a safe area as soon as possible. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen. If the victim is not breathing, perform mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. WARNING: It may be hazardous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation when the inhaled material is toxic, infectious or corrosive. Seek medical attention.
Ingestion	Do not induce vomiting. Examine the lips and mouth to ascertain whether the tissues are damaged, a possible indication that the toxic material was ingested; the absence of such signs, however, is not conclusive. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. If the victim is not breathing, perform mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Seek immediate medical attention.
Hazardous Ingestion	Not available.

Section 9. Preparation Information

References	-Manufacturers Material Safety Data Sheets.
Other Special Considerations	Not available.
Related Information	This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the CPR, and the MSDS contains all the information required by CPR.
Preparation Information	Validated by C.M. Kelly on 4/29/2003. Verified by C.M. Kelly. Printed 11/21/2003.
Information Contact	Prepared by the Health, Safety and Environment Department, Chemcraft International Inc., P.O. Box 458, 155, Rose Glen Road North, Port Hope, ON. Canada. Phone: 905 885-6388 Fax: 905 885-5097

Notice to Reader

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